

COMPUTER BASED TEST – 2023

For the post of Social Case Work Expert

PAPER - I

**(SINGLE PAPER COVERING THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, SOCIAL WORK,
SOCIAL SCIENCE, SOCIOLOGY, CRIMINOLOGY AND ANDRAGOGY)**

1. The first open prison was set up in
 - (A) Himachal Pradesh
 - (B) Madhya Pradesh
 - (C) Uttar Pradesh
 - (D) Punjab
 - (E) Answer not known

2. A person appointed to be a Probation Officer by the _____
 - (A) State Government
 - (B) Central Government
 - (C) Union Territory
 - (D) State and Central Government
 - (E) Answer not known

3. The programme and services organized for the rehabilitation of inmates released from correctional institutions is known as
 - (A) Probation
 - (B) After-care
 - (C) Parole
 - (D) Bail
 - (E) Answer not known

4. In which year, a draft model Prisons Management Bill (The prison administration and Treatment of Prisoners Bill – 1998) was circulated to replace the Prison Act, 1894?
- (A) 1890
 - (B) 1899
 - (C) 1990
 - (D) 1999
 - (E) Answer not known
5. The UN Standard minimum rules for the administration of Juvenile Justice (1985) is also called
- (A) The Beijing Rules
 - (B) Nelson Mandela Rules
 - (C) Riyadh Guidelines
 - (D) U.N. Declaration of Human Rights
 - (E) Answer not known
6. The problem of _____ prisoners has assumed new proportions in recent year.
- (A) Convicted
 - (B) Undertrial
 - (C) Pre-trial
 - (D) Remand
 - (E) Answer not known

7. Till what age women prisoner keep her child with her in prison?

- (A) 4 years
- (B) 5 years
- (C) 6 years
- ~~(D)~~ 7 years
- (E) Answer not known

8. Government of India setup the All India Jail Manual Committee in

- ~~(A)~~ 1956
- (B) 1947
- (C) 1949
- (D) 1965
- (E) Answer not known

9. Match the following

List I

- (a) Justice A.N. Mulla
- (b) Justice Krishna Iyer
- (c) Justice Amitava Roy
- (d) Justice V.S. Malimath

List II

- 1. Committee on Criminal Justice reforms
- 2. All India Committee on Prison reforms
- 3. Committee on women prisoners
- 4. Reforms in Prison administration and management

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

10. Punishment is an act of Justice in _____ theory
- (A) Reformative
 - ~~(B)~~ Retributive
 - (C) Rehabilitative
 - (D) Defferent
 - (E) Answer not known
11. Among the following which country first started probation service for offenders?
- (A) England
 - (B) India
 - ~~(C)~~ America
 - (D) France
 - (E) Answer not known
12. Parole is granted to offenders by which authority?
- (A) Police
 - (B) Prosecution
 - (C) Court
 - ~~(D)~~ Jail Department
 - (E) Answer not known

13. Parole is granted by _____ agency

- (A) Police
- (B) Prison
- (C) Court
- (D) None of the above
- (E) Answer not known

14. 'A criminal is punished for his own good' this is the view of _____ theory

- (A) Defferent
- (B) Reformative
- (C) Retributive
- (D) None of these
- (E) Answer not known

15. With reference to India, consider the following statements :

1. When a prisoner makes out a sufficient case, parole cannot be denied to such prisoner because it becomes a matter of his/her rights.
2. State Governments have their own prisoner release on Parole rules.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 2 only
- (C) Both 1 and 2
- (D) Neither 1 nor 2
- (E) Answer not known

16. Under probation of Offenders Act, the pre-sentence report is submitted to
- (A) Probation Officer
 - (B) Police Officer
 - ~~(C) Judicial Officer~~
 - (D) Prosecution Officer
 - (E) Answer not known
17. Which correctional programme in jail in India does not entitle inmate for ordinary remission?
- (A) Dairy farming
 - (B) Kitchen work
 - ~~(C) Educational Activity~~
 - (D) Sanitation work
 - (E) Answer not known
18. Which facilities are allowed to convicts in Jail in India?
1. Physical Exercise
 2. Outside cooked food
 3. Meeting with friends and relatives
 4. Mobile phones
- (A) 1 and 2
 - ~~(B) 1 and 3~~
 - (C) 2 and 3
 - (D) 3 and 4
 - (E) Answer not known

19. Which authority approves on grant premature release to jail inmates?
- (A) Court authority
 - (B) Police department
 - (C) Jail authority
 - (D) Political authority
 - (E) Answer not known
20. _____ theory of punishment claiming that "Punishment Should fit the crime".
- (A) Reintegrative
 - (B) Rehabilitative
 - (C) Reformative
 - (D) Retributive
 - (E) Answer not known
21. Assertion (A) : Deterrence is the effect of punishment that prevents an individual from committing crimes.
- Reason (R) : Deterrence is based on the assumption that punishing individuals who are convicted of crimes will stop them from committing further crimes. Being natural persons and wishing to avoid pain they will not violate the law.
- (A) (A) is correct but (R) is wrong
 - (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct
 - (C) (A) is wrong but (R) is correct
 - (D) Both (A) and (R) are wrong
 - (E) Answer not known

22. Which among the following is a determinate sentencing?
- (A) Probation
 - (B) Parole
 - (C) Capital punishment
 - (D) Furlough
 - (E) Answer not known
23. The other name of Depressants is
- (A) Downers
 - (B) Boosters
 - (C) Losers
 - (D) None of the above
 - (E) Answer not known
24. Which Indian state has recently launched 'Cyber Safe Women' initiative?
- (A) West Bengal
 - (B) Maharashtra
 - (C) Uttar Pradesh
 - (D) Telengana
 - (E) Answer not known
25. Highest number of HIV infected cases in mid 1992 were found in
- (A) African Region
 - (B) American Region
 - (C) South-East Asia
 - (D) None of the above
 - (E) Answer not known

26. In which year The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act was introduced?
- (A) 1975
 - (B) 1985
 - (C) 1989
 - (D) 1995
 - (E) Answer not known
27. _____ speed up the body nervous system and create a feeling of energy.
- (A) Inhalants
 - (B) Cannabinoids
 - (C) Stimulants
 - (D) Depressants
 - (E) Answer not known
28. _____ personal factor contributes to unemployment.
- (A) Social status
 - (B) Rapid growth of population
 - (C) Vocational unfitness
 - (D) Defective educational system
 - (E) Answer not known

29. _____ type of unemployment is found in Sugar and ice factories
- (A) Technological Unemployment
 - (B) Seasonal Unemployment
 - (C) Cyclical Unemployment
 - (D) Education Unemployment
 - (E) Answer not known
30. From the following theories, which one was propounded by Becker and Erickson on drug addiction?
- (A) Weakened – Self theory
 - (B) Personality Theory
 - (C) Socio-Psychological Labelling theory
 - (D) None of the above
 - (E) Answer not known
31. In 2009 how many people in the age group of 15-49 were living with HIV in India?
- (A) 1.2 million
 - (B) 1.8 million
 - (C) 2.4 million
 - (D) 2.10 million
 - (E) Answer not known

32. In which year HIV/AIDS bill was drafted by the union Health Ministry to protect the rights of the people living with and affected by HIV?
- (A) 2002
 - (B) 2004
 - (C) 2006
 - (D) 2008
 - (E) Answer not known
33. Which of the following statement is true?
- (A) AIDS causes HIV
 - (B) HIV and AIDS are not interrelated
 - (C) HIV causes AIDS
 - (D) AIDS deviates from HIV
 - (E) Answer not known
34. Mention the percentage of chance of transmission of HIV from infected mother to the unborn child.
- (A) 10 – 20 percent
 - (B) 20 – 40 percent
 - (C) 30 – 50 percent
 - (D) 40 – 60 percent
 - (E) Answer not known

35. Which among the following is not the measure taken by ILC in 1994 for galloping jobless conundrum?
- (A) Encouraging self-employment
 - (B) Drastic reorganization of vocational courses.
 - (C) Identification of skills needed in the present – day context.
 - (D) Unemployment Insurance
 - (E) Answer not known
36. From the following, which method is not mainly used in studying social problems?
- (A) Case study method
 - (B) Social survey method
 - (C) Multiple factor method
 - (D) Mobilization method
 - (E) Answer not known
37. The unemployed person faces disillusionment and falls easy prey to cynicism is due to
- (A) Collective disorganization
 - (B) Personal disorganization
 - (C) Personal growth
 - (D) Anti-Social
 - (E) Answer not known

38. Consider the following statements :

1. All social problems have some common basis of origin
2. All social problems are political in origin
3. All social problems are not even connected
4. All social problem occur in all societies

- (A) 1, 2 and 3 are correct
(B) 1 only correct
~~(C) 1 and 4 are correct~~
(D) 3 only correct
(E) Answer not known

39. Which stage is not referred by Blumer on Social Problem?

- (A) Legitimation of a Problem
(B) Mobilization of Action
(C) Formulation of an official plan
~~(D) Redefining the previous problem~~
(E) Answer not known

40. According to Urban land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act 1976, from the following which is not prescribed ceiling limit in towns and cities?

- (A) Category A – 500 Sq. metres
(B) Category B – 1000 Sq. metres
~~(C) Category C – 1200 Sq. metres~~
(D) Category D – 2000 Sq. metres
(E) Answer not known

41. As per Indian constitution on what basis seats shall be reserved for SCs and STs in the respective constituencies?
- (A) On educational background
 - (B) On occupation basis
 - (C) On proportion of their population
 - (D) On economy basis
 - (E) Answer not known
42. For once in a how many months Grama Sabha should be held in Indian villages as per Indian constitution?
- (A) Once in 3 months
 - (B) Once in 6 months
 - (C) Once in 8 months
 - (D) Once in 10 months
 - (E) Answer not known
43. Assertion (A) : Panchayat Raj Institution have 3 tier system in planning and executing development projects within their jurisdiction.
- Reason (R) : Panchayat Raj Act empowered localbody's participation in planning process.
- (A) (A) and (R) are true and the (R) is an adequate explanation for (A).
 - (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and the (R) is not an adequate explanation for (A).
 - (C) (A) is a true statement and (R) is a false statement.
 - (D) Both (A) and (R) are false statements.
 - (E) Answer not known

44. Match the following in column A with their corresponding in column B and choose the correct answer :

Programme	Characteristics
(a) MGNREGA	1. Developing infrastructure and housing conditions.
(b) Mid-Day meal programme	2. Guaranteed wage employment to rural unskilled worker.
(c) National Social Assistance programme	3. Elderly people by giving them pensions
(d) Valmiki Ambedkar Awas Yojana	4. Improving food and Nutritional status of the poor.

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| (B) | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| (C) | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| (D) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

45. Which of the following statement is not correct about 'Indira Awas Yojna'?

- (A) It was launched in 1985 – 86
- (B) Now it became the part of Bharat Nirman Programme
- (C) A minimum of 60% fund is used for the construction of houses of SCs/STs.
- ~~(D)~~ Its financial burden is shared by the stated in the ratio of 50 : 50.
- (E) Answer not known

46. Which section of the representation of the people Act 1951 provides for registration of political parties by the Election commission?
- (A) Section 25 A
 - (B) Section 25 B
 - ~~(C)~~ Section 29 A
 - (D) Section 29 B
 - (E) Answer not known
47. Accountability in governance refers to :
- ~~(A)~~ The ability of citizens to hold leaders, Government and Public organizations to account.
 - (B) The ability to citizens to open accounts in banks.
 - (C) The National income accounts that show profit and loss of Government.
 - (D) The behaviour of chartered accounts in the corporate world.
 - (E) Answer not known
48. Arrange the following Non-Govt. Experiments in order in which appeared. Use the code given below :
1. Firka
 2. Marthandam
 3. Sevagram
 4. Gurgaon
- (A) 1, 4, 2, 3
 - ~~(B)~~ 4, 2, 3, 1
 - (C) 2, 4, 3, 1
 - (D) 3, 4, 1, 2
 - (E) Answer not known

49. Vinoba Bhave started Bhudan movement in
- (A) 1948
 - (B) 1949
 - (C) 1951
 - (D) 1953
 - (E) Answer not known
50. Tribal sub-plan was launched during :
- (A) Fifth FYP
 - (B) Sixth FYP
 - (C) Seventh FYP
 - (D) Ninth FYP
 - (E) Answer not known
51. Panchsheel was the philosophy of tribal development enunciated by :
- (A) Lal Bahadur Shastri
 - (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (C) Indira Gandhi
 - (D) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (E) Answer not known
52. Who among the following was not associated with Chipko movement?
- (A) Sundarlal Bahuguna
 - (B) Gawra Devi
 - (C) Sudesha Devi
 - (D) Mahila Devi
 - (E) Answer not known

53. A person who has an extreme lack of self-confidence and who allows others to run his (or) her life is said to have a(n)_____ personality.
- (A) Dependent
 - (B) Narcissistic
 - (C) Paranoid
 - (D) Anti-Social
 - (E) Answer not known
54. 22 year old Babu had a fight with his neighbour's son. Next day, while going to the bus stop he felt that 2 uniformed policemen were following him. On reaching home he was frightened and he felt that, the neighbours were using radio waves to control his mind. Demonstrate his conditions to be diagnosed with
- (A) Delusion of Persecution
 - (B) Passivity
 - (C) Auditory Hallucination
 - (D) Paranoid delusions
 - (E) Answer not known
55. Arrive a conclusion to diagnose Mania from the following symptoms.
- (A) Sad and Talking too much
 - (B) Increased pressure of speech and excited
 - (C) Delusion of grandiosity
 - (D) Pressure of speech with grandiose delusion
 - (E) Answer not known

56. All the following are true about Hallucinations except.
- (A) It represents a state of inner subjective space
 - (B) It is dependent of the observer
 - (C) It is as vivid as sensory perception
 - (D) It occurs in the absence of Perceptual stimulus
 - (E) Answer not known
57. Delusion is a disorder of
- (A) Perception
 - (B) Thinking
 - (C) Intelligence
 - (D) Memory
 - (E) Answer not known
58. The presence of delusions, hallucinations and disturbed cognitive function indicates.
- (A) Organic brain syndrome
 - (B) Paranoid Schizophrenia
 - (C) Dissociative hysteria
 - (D) Obsessive – Compulsive disorder
 - (E) Answer not known

59. Coimbatore district having with many migrant workers. A survey has to be conducted in the area of the corporation Jurisdiction. Social work authorities appointed to conduct the survey. In order to collect data, apply a suitable method.
- (A) Interview method
 - (B) Questionnaire method
 - (C) Discussion method
 - (D) Observation method
 - (E) Answer not known
60. The following one is a master plan specifying the methods and procedures for collecting and analyzing the needed information to report and document
- (A) Research Report
 - (B) Research Analysis
 - (C) Research Design
 - (D) Research Process
 - (E) Answer not known
61. Segregate the questions that is close-ended question which applies only to a sub-group of respondents.
- (A) Open ended questions
 - (B) Appropriateness
 - (C) Dichotomous choice questions
 - (D) Contingency questions
 - (E) Answer not known

62. Match the following

List I (Design)

- (a) Sampling design
- (b) Statistical design
- (c) Observational design
- (d) Operational design

List II (Explanation)

- 1. Pre-planned design for analysis
- 2. Structured instruments for data collection
- 3. Decisions about operational procedures
- 4. Probability design

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

63. Assertion (A) : To improve the visibility of professional social work, much of its research should be action oriented.

Reason (R) : Lack of action research is not the only reason for limited visibility to Professional Social Work.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- ~~(B)~~ Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is Not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is false, (R) is true
- (D) (A) is true (R) is false
- (E) Answer not known

64. Assertion (A) : Interpretation refers to the task of drawing inferences from the collected data after analysis.

Reason (R) : Interpretation is a basic component of research process.

(A) (A) is true but (R) is false

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

(C) (A) is false and (R) is true

(D) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not correct explanation of (A)

(E) Answer not known

65. Pull out the deviant term Randomly listed in the following responses

(A) Intake phase

(B) Social Diagnosis phase

(C) Norming phase

(D) Study phase

(E) Answer not known

66. Which one of the following is not a corporal punishment?

(A) Spanking

(B) Swating

(C) Pinching

(D) Imposition

(E) Answer not known

67. Choose the responses from the following which DOES NOT comes under correction treatment of delinquents
- (A) Social work and values appreciation activities
 - (B) Dramatics
 - (C) Chained and isolation
 - (D) Skill training
 - (E) Answer not known
68. Which of the following is defined as the release of a prisoner under supervision before the expiration of his sentence (or) imprisonment, with the provision that the person may be returned to the prison if the person violates the conditions of that
- (A) Bail
 - (B) Parole
 - (C) Probation
 - (D) Conviction
 - (E) Answer not known
69. A professional case worker who is working with individual client on a one-to-one basis, the relationship will be on the following nature
- (A) Establishing familiarity with client
 - (B) Signing a formal contract
 - (C) Establish purposefully to meet the psycho-social needs of the client
 - (D) Systematic mutual understanding and establishing familiarity with their family members
 - (E) Answer not known

70. The first juvenile court was established at
- (A) New York
 - (B) Washington
 - (C) London
 - ~~(D) Chicago~~
 - (E) Answer not known
71. A convicted juvenile after investigation shall be sent to
- (A) Shelter Care
 - (B) Juvenile Prison
 - ~~(C) Detention Home~~
 - (D) Sub-Jail
 - (E) Answer not known
72. A Team Leader always communicate to his fellow men with lot of sarcasems. This attitude carries more negative attribution towards the team incharge. Choose the suitable consequence from the following.
1. Team mate changes his team
 2. Non-cooperative behaviour
 3. Delay in task accomplishment
 4. Team leader will be punished
- (A) 1 and 2
 - ~~(B) 2 and 3~~
 - (C) 1 and 4
 - (D) 3 and 4
 - (E) Answer not known

73. Find the Right Answer :

What possible changes can be made by a social worker for the LGBTQ populations?

1. Mainstreaming segments like marriage, adoption.
2. Transitioning from one gender to another.
3. Allowing them to celebrate the differences.
4. Evolving a Queer communities.

- (A) 1, 2, 3 and 4 are correct
(B) Only 1 correct
(C) Only 2 and 3 are correct
(D) Only 3 and 4 are correct
(E) Answer not known

74. Arrange the following phases of PRA (Participatory Rural Appraisal) in a sequential order

1. Sharing the outcomes of PRA with stakeholders
2. Situational analysis and solution designing
3. Rapport building and sensitization
4. Preparation of micro-plans

- (A) 2, 3, 1, 4
 (B) 3, 2, 4, 1
(C) 3, 2, 1, 4
(D) 2, 3, 4, 1
(E) Answer not known

75. Being a social worker, if you find any difficulty in the community while organizing a program whom will be the right person to approach
- (A) Police
 - (B) Elite people
 - (C) Leader
 - (D) Volunteers
 - (E) Answer not known
76. Abhi wants to help the roadside people who are starving without food. She approach her friends and joined together, collected fund in order to help them. Choose the exact term for the action done as a team
- (A) Coordination
 - (B) Collaboration
 - (C) Co-operation
 - (D) Consultation
 - (E) Answer not known

77. Match the following

Principles

- (a) Credibility
- (b) Legitimization
- (c) Dramatization
- (d) Dual approach

Meaning

- 1. Legal back
- 2. Two groups
- 3. Survey
- 4. Role play
- 5. Right cause

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 |
| (B) | 5 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (C) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| (D) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

78. Who is the incharge of family and child welfare projects in the state?

- (A) Mukha services
- ~~(B)~~ Child development project officers
- (C) Field officers
- (D) Nutrition inspectors
- (E) Answer not known

79. A woman is arrested for being guilty of pickpocketing by the policemen and kept under their custody for two days. Her family members want to file a case. Which fundamental rights would help them to support in this context?
- (A) Article 23 of Indian Constitution
 - ~~(B)~~ Article 22 of Indian Constitution
 - (C) Article 21 of Indian Constitution
 - (D) Article 20 of Indian Constitution
 - (E) Answer not known
80. Which of the following scheme is related to Education?
- ~~(A)~~ SSA
 - (B) ICDS
 - (C) NCLP
 - (D) ECCE
 - (E) Answer not known
81. Assertion (A) : Gender sensitive professional social workers have better understanding of gender specific issues.
- Reason (R) : Professional social workers understand that gender as a social construct which differentiates men and women in terms of their positions in the society.
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true, But (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 - ~~(B)~~ Both (A) and (R) are true, But (R) is correct explanation
 - (C) (A) is true but (R) is false
 - (D) (A) is false (R) is true
 - (E) Answer not known

82. _____ covers various forms of collective action aimed at social reorganization.
- (A) Social reform
 - (B) Social movement
 - (C) Social action
 - (D) Social change
 - (E) Answer not known
83. Hari judging Sushma's openness to socializing for granted, manipulate her for a sexual trap by making sexually suggestive gestures and remarks on her, though he has never touched her. Sushma does not have the courage to retaliate. Sushma belongs to a scheduled caste, and Hari also aware of it. Is Hari's act punishable under the SC and ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act? Reason out the relevant answer from the following choices.
- (A) No because he has not touched her
 - (B) Yes, because he made suggestive gestures
 - (C) No, because its her natural character
 - (D) No because she did not retaliate
 - (E) Answer not known

84. Match the following

List I (Models of Development)		List II (Area of Focus)	
(a) Institutional redistribution model		1. Welfare services	
(b) Residual welfare model		2. Optimum use of services	
(c) Achievement – performance model		3. Progressive taxation	
(d) Sustainable development model		4. Perks and benefits	

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| (B) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (C) | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| (D) | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

85. The dominating concepts of social work development were _____ and _____.

- (A) Assist others, Self-help
- (B) Economic prestige, Competitive struggle
- ~~(C)~~ Individualization, Friendly visitors
- (D) Equal participation, Freedom
- (E) Answer not known

86. According to the concept of Social Work knowledge, The knowledge of resources are _____, _____ and _____.

- (A) Motivations, dynamics and strength
- (B) Fiscal, material and manpower
- (C) Custom, traditions and values
- (D) Taboos, problems and priorities
- (E) Answer not known

87. Fill in the blanks

The sixth five year plan was proposed to improve adult education through _____.

- (A) Social Education
- (B) Research and development
- (C) Effective use of technology
- (D) Expansion of book production programme
- (E) Answer not known

88. Which is/are the concept of "Adult Education"?

1. A programme of education meant for those who failed to make use of the regular education services.
2. A programme to enable adults to identify their personal and community problems.
3. A course/programme is provided to all in regular and organized system of education.

(A) 2 only

(B) 1 only

~~(C)~~ 1 and 2 only

(D) 3 only

(E) Answer not known

89. Arrange the following stages in chronological order

1. Senescence
2. Infancy
3. Adolescence
4. Babyhood
5. Adulthood

(A) 1, 4, 3, 2, 5

(B) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5

~~(C)~~ 2, 4, 3, 5, 1

(D) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

(E) Answer not known

90. Choose the right answer among type :

The rehabilitation of an individual will be complete if we make an individual in terms of non-formal education

1. Self-sufficient
 2. Self-concept
 3. Self-dependent
 4. Self-earning
- (A) 1 and 2 only
(B) 1 and 3 only
~~(C)~~ 1, 3 and 4 only
(D) 2 and 4 only
(E) Answer not known

91. Which of the following is “incorrectly”paired?

1. Internet – Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
 2. ERNET – Engineering Resource Network
 3. E-Learning – Synchronous Learning
 4. WAN – World Area Network
- ~~(A)~~ 2 and 4 are incorrect
(B) 1 and 2 are incorrect
(C) 1 and 4 are incorrect
(D) 3 and 4 are incorrect
(E) Answer not known

92. Choose the right answer :

It is an assessment administered at the end of an instructional unit in a course.

- (A) Formative evaluation
- (B) Criterion referenced evaluation
- (C) Norm referenced evaluation
- (D) Summative evaluation
- (E) Answer not known

93. Which of the following is “incorrectly” paired?

- 1. SITE – Satellite Instructional Television Experiment
- 2. CSIR – Council for Scientific and Institutional Research
- 3. INSAT – Indian National Satellite System
- 4. CAG – Controller and Auditor General of India

- (A) 1 and 3 are incorrect
- (B) 1 and 4 are incorrect
- (C) 3 and 4 are incorrect
- (D) 2 and 4 are incorrect
- (E) Answer not known

94. Choose the right matches among type

1. Education Commission – 1960-64
2. IGNOU – 1985
3. Planning Commission – 1950
4. First National Policy on Education – 1970

- (A) 2 and 3 are correct
 (B) 1 and 3 are correct
 (C) 2 and 4 are correct
 (D) 1 and 2 are correct
 (E) Answer not known

95. Which is/are the following statements specifically true about Right to Education Act, 2010?

- (A) The act is disability specific
 (B) According to article 21(A) of the constitution compulsory free education to be given between the age of 6-14
 (C) All children to be treated equally on their academic achievement
 (D) Universalisation of Elementary Education
 (E) Answer not known

96. Reason and Assertion type.

Assertion (A) : Juvenile delinquents are children below the age of 18, who indulge in such antisocial acts which if committed by adults are legally punishable.

Reason (R) : Juvenile delinquents are sent to jail for their crimes.

- (A) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true; and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is false, (R) is true
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) is correct
- (E) Answer not known

97. Choose the right matches among type.

- 1. Braille system – Blind
- 2. Lipping – Mental disorder
- 3. Sign language – Speech disorder
- 4. Paraplegia – Visual impairment

- (A) 1 and 2 are correct
- (B) 1 and 3 are correct
- (C) 2 and 3 are correct
- (D) 2 and 4 are correct
- (E) Answer not known

98. Match correctly the concept of Distance Education with their corresponding authors.

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| (a) Learner Autonomy and Transactional Distance | 1. Dr. S. Kothari |
| (b) Correspondence Education | 2. Borje Holmberg |
| (c) Interaction and Communication | 3. Wedemeyer |
| (d) Independent study | 4. G. Moore |

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (B) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (C) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| (D) | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

99. Match correctly the methods with their corresponding activities :

- | | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| 1. Seminar | – | Pooling together the opinions of a Large number of persons. |
| 2. Assignment | – | A task of Academic work that someone has asked you to do |
| 3. Workshop | – | Supervision of demonstration |
| 4. Conference | – | Visualizing, Demonstrating and Role playing |

- (A) 3 and 4 are correct
(B) 2 and 4 are correct
~~(C)~~ 1 and 2 are correct
(D) 4 and 1 are correct
(E) Answer not known

100. Digital India Programme aims at transforming India has focussed its achievement based on its _____ pillars.

- (A) Four
- (B) Six
- (C) Seven
- (D) Nine
- (E) Answer not known

101. In the context of Environmental Science which of the following are incorrectly paired?

- 1. UNEP – United Nations Environmental Project
- 2. IPCC – International Panel on Climate Change
- 3. UNFCCC – United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
- 4. GEF – Global Environmental Facility

- (A) 1 and 4 are incorrect
- (B) 1 and 3 are incorrect
- (C) 1 and 2 are incorrect
- (D) 2 and 4 are incorrect
- (E) Answer not known

102. Which of the following is/are incorrectly paired?

1. NETF – National Educational Technology Framework
 2. NPST – National Professional Standards for Teachers
 3. NDEAR – National Digital Education and Artificial Reality
 4. NEAT – National Educational Alliance for Technology
- (A) 1 and 2 are incorrect
(B) 1 and 4 are incorrect
 (C) 1 and 3 are incorrect
(D) 2 and 4 are incorrect
(E) Answer not known

103. In the context of Demographic analysis which one of the following composition is functionally related to components of population change like, fertility, mortality, migration

- (A) Age composition
(B) Sex composition
(C) Marital composition
(D) Rural-urban composition
(E) Answer not known

104. Maslow's hierarchy of needs consists of _____ layers.

- (A) Two
(B) Three
 (C) Four
(D) Five
(E) Answer not known

105. Which one of the following commission has been designated as the agency to monitor provisions of the Right to Education Act?
- (A) NCERT
 - (B) NCHR
 - (C) NCHER
 - ~~(D) NCPCR~~
 - (E) Answer not known
106. Post-Literacy programme is implemented by the Zila Saksharata Samiti (ZSS) (District Literacy Committee for the period of
- ~~(A) One year~~
 - (B) Two years
 - (C) Three years
 - (D) Five years
 - (E) Answer not known
107. Which one of the following component is not a part of NEP (2020) recommendation of Adult Education?
- ~~(A) Technical and Engineering Education~~
 - (B) Foundational Literacy and Numeracy
 - (C) Basic Education
 - (D) Continuing Education
 - (E) Answer not known

108. Which National Programme included the Social Education Programme?
- (A) Rural Development Programme
 - (B) Tribal Welfare and Development Programme
 - (C) Community Development Programme
 - (D) Poverty Alleviation Programme
 - (E) Answer not known
109. Prime Minister Shri. Narendra Modi suggested an International Day of Yoga on 21st June at the United Nations General Assembly in the year
- (A) 2020
 - (B) 2023
 - (C) 2014
 - (D) 2016
 - (E) Answer not known
110. Who said yoga is a, “means of compressing one’s evolution into a single life or a few months or even a few hours of one’s bodily existence”?
- (A) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (B) Buddha
 - (C) Swami Vivekananda
 - (D) Gandhiji
 - (E) Answer not known

111. Which one of the following does not come under the definition of "Information" under RTI Act, 2005?

- (A) Logbooks
- (B) Circulars
- (C) Data material held in any electronic form
- (D) File Notings in the process
- (E) Answer not known

112. Which of the following statements are true about Public Interest Litigation?

1. Petitions against police for refusing to register a case; harassment by police and death in police custody
2. Petitions against teacher(s) on practising corporal punishment
3. Petitions from riot-victims.

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 1 and 3 only
- (C) 1 and 2 only
- (D) 2 and 3 only
- (E) Answer not known

113. Arrange the following consumer related acts in chronological order

1. The Legal Metrology Act
2. The emblems and names Act
3. Implementation of BIS Act
4. The Essential Commodities Act

(A) 1, 4, 2, 3

~~(B) 2, 4, 1, 3~~

(C) 3, 4, 1, 2

(D) 1, 3, 4, 2

(E) Answer not known

114. Which one of the following Article of the Indian Constitution came into effect along with the RTE Act, 2009?

(A) Article 45

(B) Article 29(1)

(C) Article 351

~~(D) Article 21A~~

(E) Answer not known

115. The International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS), Mumbai was established in the year

(A) 1951

~~(B) 1956~~

(C) 1964

(D) 1974

(E) Answer not known

116. The _____ Constitutional Amendments Act, that made health, family welfare and education a responsibility of village panchayat.
- (A) 68th and 69th
 - (B) 73rd and 74th
 - (C) 81st and 82nd
 - (D) 90th and 91st
 - (E) Answer not known
117. The first chair person of the National Commission for Women was
- (A) Dr. Mohini Giri
 - (B) Mrs. Vihha Parthasarathy
 - (C) Mrs. Jayanti Patnaik
 - (D) Dr. Girija vyas
 - (E) Answer not known
118. Assertion (A) : National Human Rights Commission has the rights to inquire on a petition presented to it by a victim.
- Reason (R) : NHRC also undertakes and promote research in the field of human rights.
- (A) (A) is true, but (R) is false
 - (B) Both (A) and (R) are true; and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
 - (C) (A) is false, (R) is true
 - (D) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 - (E) Answer not known

119. Select the right explanation/s for role play method of learning
1. Is a technique that has proved to solve variety of classroom problems.
 2. Role playing is a money consuming method in performing the roles.
 3. It meets Individuals take on the roles of other people and act out the others feelings, thoughts and behavior.
 4. Social relationships are extended and social issues are solved.
- (A) 1 and 2 only correct
(B) 1, 2, 3, 4 are correct
(C) 2 only correct
 (D) 1, 3, 4 are correct
(E) Answer not known
120. Who made the statement "A Crime Committed by a person of respectability and high social status in the course of his occupation?"
- (A) Lemert
(B) Sutherland
(C) Freud
 (D) Cloward and Ohlin
(E) Answer not known

121. Which sociologist who based his theory on “anomie”, not only used the concept a bit differently but was also able to illustrate his theory with concrete American Situation?

- (A) Sutherland
- (B) Charles Goring
- ~~(C)~~ Robert K. Merton
- (D) Healy and Broner
- (E) Answer not known

122. Assertion (A) : People live in a society of alternates, where the self has more and more opportunities for acceptance or rejection. Self-concept is the key factor in explaining the choice among alternatives of behaviour.

Reason (R) : A favourable self-concept directs an individual towards law abiding behaviour and an on favourable self-concept directs the person towards delinquent behaviour.

- ~~(A)~~ Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
- (E) Answer not known

123. The concept of situational crime prevention is explained in
- (A) Power control theory
 - (B) Conflict theory
 - (C) Rational choice theory
 - (D) Drift theory
 - (E) Answer not known
124. _____ theory of aggression argues that aversive experience leads to arousal which may lead to aggression, depending on what consequences they expect.
- (A) Frustration – aggression theory
 - (B) Instinct theory
 - (C) Excitation – transfer theory
 - (D) Social learning theory
 - (E) Answer not known
125. Routine activity theory suggest which of the following policy recommendations:
- (A) Harsher Punishments
 - (B) “Design out crime” be blocking criminal opportunities
 - (C) Cognitive behavioural programs to help reverse criminal thinking
 - (D) Programs designed to build more positive routine activities for delinquent and at-risk youth
 - (E) Answer not known

126. John Braithwaite is associated with

- ~~(A)~~ Shaming theory
- (B) Social reaction theory
- (C) Social learning theory
- (D) Social strain theory
- (E) Answer not known

127. Match the following

List – I			List – II	
(a)	Segmentary, stratified and functional	– (1)	Social stratification	.
(b)	Attention, Retention and Memory	– (2)	Social differentiation	
(c)	Conformity, Innovation, Ritualism and Retreatism	– (3)	Social learning	
(d)	Slavery, Estates, Caste and social class	– (4)	Social strain	

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (C) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| (E) | Answer not known | | | |

128. Who among the following observed that "Crime is both normal and functional"?
- (A) Von Hentig
 - (B) Durkheim
 - (C) Blau
 - (D) Aker
 - (E) Answer not known
129. A developing intellectual approach which emphasizes gender issues in the subject matter of criminology is called
- (A) Labelling criminology
 - (B) Feminist criminology
 - (C) Radical criminology
 - (D) Post-modern criminology
 - (E) Answer not known
130. Most lower-class boys desire middle-class status and initially accept the goals and values of the middle class-stated by
- (A) Albert K. Cohen
 - (B) Richard Cloward
 - (C) Lloyd Ohlin
 - (D) Robert K. Merton
 - (E) Answer not known

131. Among the following, who has studied 'intelligence quotient' as a cause of criminal behaviour?
- (A) Eyesenck
 - (B) Freud
 - (C) Young
 - (D) Cattell
 - (E) Answer not known
132. According to conservative criminology, crime is attributed to what?
- (A) Individual choice
 - (B) Strain
 - (C) Lack of social bonds
 - (D) Structural arrangements
 - (E) Answer not known
133. Biological theories of aggression suggest that
- (A) Aggressive behaviour is learnt
 - (B) We are born with non-aggressive tendencies
 - (C) We are born with aggressive tendencies
 - (D) Aggressive behaviour is habitual
 - (E) Answer not known

134. "Criminology is body of knowledge regarding crime as social phenomena" who said?
- (A) R. Garofalo
 - (B) E. H. Sutherland
 - (C) R. E. Parle
 - (D) Cloward
 - (E) Answer not known
135. 'A group of persons with a facade of office but dealing with crime in the background, generally transnational in character assisted by a legal term' refers to
- (A) Personal crime
 - (B) Street crime
 - (C) Crime syndicate
 - (D) Properly crime
 - (E) Answer not known
136. Who defined white-collar crime as "A crime committed by a person of respectability and high social status in the course of occupation?"
- (A) R. Garofalo
 - (B) Edwin Sutherland
 - (C) Lombroso
 - (D) Cesare Beccaria
 - (E) Answer not known

137. The argument that crime is not a result of poverty or social conditions and therefore cannot be affected by social programs was made by
- (A) Lawrence Cohen
 - (B) David Foyel
 - (C) Ronald V. Clarke
 - (D) James Q. Wilson
 - (E) Answer not known
138. According to kimball young the aims of _____ are to bring confirmity, solidarity and continuity of particular group or society.
- (A) Socialization
 - (B) Social control
 - (C) Primary groups
 - (D) Reference group
 - (E) Answer not known
139. _____ values influence and condition the behaviour of the people to a great extent.
- (A) Means values
 - (B) Ends values
 - (C) Dominant values
 - (D) Ultimate values
 - (E) Answer not known

140. _____ conserves the norms and values of life.

- (A) Religion
- (B) Folkways
- (C) Customs
- (D) Morality
- (E) Answer not known

141. Conformity to the _____ is neither required by law nor enforced by any special agency.

- (A) Customs
- (B) Folkways
- (C) Mores
- (D) Religion
- (E) Answer not known

142. _____ is an organised or systematic attempts made by a person or group to influence public opinion and attitude in any sphere.

- (A) Education
- (B) Propaganda
- (C) Public opinion
- (D) Religion
- (E) Answer not known

143. To bring about some kind of adjustment between different sets of roles is the function of
- (A) Norms
 - (B) Values
 - (C) Sanctions
 - (D) Religion
 - (E) Answer not known
144. According to Freud, 'the _____ is concerned only with satisfying the animal impulses of man'.
- (A) Id
 - (B) Ego
 - (C) Super Ego
 - (D) Self
 - (E) Answer not known
145. The process of moulding and shaping the personality of the human infant is called
- (A) Socialisation
 - (B) Primary Socialisation
 - (C) Developmental socialisation
 - (D) Re-socialisation
 - (E) Answer not known

146. Socialisation consists of four stages. Arrange the following in order.

- (1) The Oedipal stage
- (2) The Oral stage
- (3) The Adolescence stage
- (4) The Anal stage
- (A) (3), (1), (4), (2)
- (B) (4), (3), (2), (1)
- ~~(C)~~ (2), (4), (1), (3)
- (D) (1), (2), (3), (4)
- (E) Answer not known

147. _____ group is made up of individuals of relatively equal status with whom the individuals interacts frequently.

- (A) Reference group
- ~~(B)~~ Peer group
- (C) Voluntary group
- (D) Informal group
- (E) Answer not known

148. _____ is not the importance of primary groups.

- (A) Development of personality
- (B) Provision of stimulus
- (C) Unified in process
- ~~(D)~~ Moulding the ideal and ideologies
- (E) Answer not known

149. In sociology, the term most commonly refers to forms of punishment for deviant behaviour is

- (A) Mores
- (B) Folkways
- (C) Law
- (D) Sanction
- (E) Answer not known

.150. The _____ not only provides satisfaction and happiness to the individuals, but it also provides a stimulus to pursue their interest.

- (A) Voluntary group
- (B) Involuntary group
- (C) Primary group
- (D) Secondary group
- (E) Answer not known

151. Choose the right matches

- (1) In group and out group — W.G. Samner
(2) Horizontal and vertical group — Park and Burgess
(3) Territorial and non-territorial group — P.A. Sorokin
(4) Primary and secondary group — C.H. Cooley
(A) (1) and (3) are correct
~~(B)~~ (1) and (4) are correct
(C) (2) and (3) are correct
(D) (2) and (4) are correct
(E) Answer not known

152. _____ is a type of marriage in which the wives are invariably the sisters.

- ~~(A)~~ Sororal polygyny
(B) Non-sororal polygyny
(C) Fraternal polyandry
(D) Non-Fraternal polyandry
(E) Answer not known

153. According to Hindu marriage, _____ is known as entering wedlock for biological function of sex satisfaction and having children.

- (A) Daiva
~~(B)~~ Prajapatiya
(C) Arshea
(D) Dharmik
(E) Answer not known

154. Which among the following is the merit of joint family system?
- (A) Promotes Idleness
 - (B) Denies Privacy
 - (C) Psychological
 - (D) Undermines the status of women
 - (E) Answer not known
155. In _____ family blood relationship exist among the members.
- (A) Confugal family
 - (B) Consanguine family
 - (C) Nuclear family
 - (D) Extended family
 - (E) Answer not known
156. _____ tribes practiced female infanticide prior to the British influence.
- (A) Kurumba
 - (B) Daniyan
 - (C) Todas
 - (D) Kanikar
 - (E) Answer not known

157. Those who belong to common parentage cannot marry within themselves is called
- (A) Gotra exogamy
 - (B) Pravara exogamy
 - (C) Village exogamy
 - (D) Pinda exogamy
 - (E) Answer not known
158. _____ is a situation where in a large labour force does not get work opportunities that may fetch them regular income.
- (A) Temporary unemployment
 - (B) Involuntary unemployment
 - (C) Open unemployment
 - (D) Voluntary unemployment
 - (E) Answer not known
159. Physical and mental problems of an individual like voluntary unemployment where the worker voluntarily withdraws himself from the work is known as
- (A) Objective unemployment
 - (B) Subjective unemployment
 - (C) Structural unemployment
 - (D) Personal unemployment
 - (E) Answer not known

160. Match the following :

List I

- (a) Cultural traits
- (b) Culture complex
- (c) Culture pattern
- (d) Cultural area

List II

- (1) Specific to a group
- (2) Number of culture complexes
- (3) Larger clusters
- (4) Single element

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (2) (1) (4) (3)
- (B) (1) (4) (3) (2)
- (C) (3) (2) (1) (4)
- ~~(D)~~ (4) (3) (2) (1)
- (E) Answer not known

161. The Societies having similar cultural traits and complexes constitute similar :

- ~~(A)~~ Cultural Area
- (B) Cultural Pattern
- (C) Sub culture
- (D) Civilisation
- (E) Answer not known

162. Mandating of what we should not do is known as

- (A) Prescriptive norms
- ~~(B)~~ Proscriptive norms
- (C) Mores
- (D) Folkways
- (E) Answer not known

163. The borrowing of cultural elements from another society is known as
- (A) Cultural transition
 - (B) Cultural diffusion
 - (C) Sub culture
 - (D) Cultural development
 - (E) Answer not known
164. _____ is another form of accommodation in which the conflicts are avoided rather than settled or resolved.
- (A) Sublimation
 - (B) Conversion
 - (C) Negotiation
 - (D) Toleration
 - (E) Answer not known
165. When the process of _____ takes place, the people in two distinct groups do not just compromise with each other, they become almost indistinguishable.
- (A) Assimilation
 - (B) Accommodation
 - (C) Acculturation
 - (D) Cooperation
 - (E) Answer not known

166. _____ between democratic and communist countries may become over at the time of war between them.
- (A) Group conflict
 - (B) International conflict
 - (C) Latent conflict
 - (D) Corporate conflict
 - (E) Answer not known
167. Tertiary cooperation is often called as
- (A) Accommodation
 - (B) Assimilation
 - (C) Differentiation
 - (D) Accumulation
 - (E) Answer not known
168. _____ is the dynamic element in society, while statuses and norms represent its static element.
- (A) Social interaction
 - (B) Cooperation
 - (C) Competition
 - (D) Assimilation
 - (E) Answer not known

169. The _____ arises because people are dissatisfied with the slow rate of social change.

- (A) Resistance movements
- (B) Reform movements
- (C) Revolutionary movements
- (D) Expressive movements
- (E) Answer not known

170. Assertion (A) : There is a gap between social policy statement and the development programs.

Reason (R) : The reason is lack of political will and commitment in the formulation and implementation of programs.

- (A) (A) is correct ; (R) is not correct
- (B) (A) is not correct ; (R) is correct
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is not the correct explanation to (A)
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation to (A)
- (E) Answer not known

171. Who has not accepted the view that castes are closed classes?

- (a) D.N. Majumdar
- (b) S.C. Dube
- (c) M.N. Srinivas
- (d) Andre Beteille
- (A) (a) and (b)
- (B) (b) and (c)
- (C) (b) only
- (D) (c) and (d)
- (E) Answer not known

172. Who has given the following statement? "while 'class' represents a democratic society having equality of opportunity, 'caste' is obverse of it".

- (a) Davis and Boffomore
- (b) S.C. Dube and Dumont
- (c) Mac Iver and Karl Marx
- (d) Mac Iver
- (A) (a) and (b)
- (B) (b) and (c)
- (C) (a) and (c)
- (D) (a) and (d)
- (E) Answer not known

173. Match the following :

List I

- (a) Mobilising gross-roots organisation
- (b) Changing basic values in society
- (c) Mass solutions to mass problems
- (d) Development of whole society

List II

- (1) Social Reform
- (2) Social Advocacy
- (3) Social Action
- (4) Sarvodaya

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (1) (2) (3) (4)
- ~~(B)~~ (2) (1) (3) (4)
- (C) (4) (3) (2) (1)
- (D) (3) (2) (1) (4)
- (E) Answer not known

174. Which one is NOT an “anti-poverty” programme in India?

- (A) IRDP
- (B) DDP
- (C) TRYSEM
- ~~(D)~~ SITA
- (E) Answer not known

175. Marx’s focus on real and existing contradictions led to a particular method for studying social phenomena called :

- ~~(A)~~ Dialectical method
- (B) Economic determinism
- (C) Causality
- (D) Class conflict
- (E) Answer not known

176. Who coined the phrase 'Survival of the fittest' in the course of social evolution?
- (A) August Comte
 - ~~(B)~~ Herbert Spencer
 - (C) Karl Marx
 - (D) Max Weber
 - (E) Answer not known
177. A systematic interpretive process of understanding the meaning of action from the actors' point of view refers to :
- ~~(A)~~ Verstehen
 - (B) Functionalism
 - (C) Structuralism
 - (D) Conflict approach
 - (E) Answer not known
178. From the following which one is connected to the idea that every economic order grows to a state of maximum efficiency, while at the same time developing internal contradictions/weakness that contribute to it's decay?
- (A) Historical materialism
 - ~~(B)~~ Dialectical materialism
 - (C) Economic determinism
 - (D) Historical determinism
 - (E) Answer not known

179. Which one of the following is NOT a therapeutic group?
- (A) Medication Group
 - (B) Alcoholic Anonymous
 - (C) Marginal Group
 - (D) Encounter Group
 - (E) Answer not known
180. The group members reveal their _____ through the ways in which they are engaged in activities.
- (A) Adverse patterns
 - (B) Divided patterns
 - (C) Personality patterns
 - (D) Natural patterns
 - (E) Answer not known
181. _____ and _____ in the group are the result of natural interaction among group member.
- (A) Growth and Development
 - (B) Design and Attitude
 - (C) Education and Skills
 - (D) Action and Emotions
 - (E) Answer not known

182. _____ means to perform the role of others or to realize other's problems as its own.
- (A) Sympathy
 - (B) Empathy
 - (C) Transference
 - (D) Counter Transference
 - (E) Answer not known
183. _____ problems are solved and managed through group work services.
- (A) Psychological
 - (B) Psychosocial
 - (C) Psycho
 - (D) Neuro
 - (E) Answer not known
184. Choose the good factor from the following for the smooth running of a group work.
- (A) Identity
 - (B) Voluntary attendance
 - (C) Contribution
 - (D) Intervention
 - (E) Answer not known

185. Persons poorly adjusted in a group are simply those with poor adjustment in their
- (A) Social life
 - (B) Psycho life
 - (C) Natural life
 - (D) External life
 - (E) Answer not known
186. The club and recreation movements of 19th and 20th century are the direct for bears of
- (A) Social group work
 - (B) Social case work
 - (C) Community activity
 - (D) Mental health activity
 - (E) Answer not known
187. The group worker must be skilful in directing the
- (A) Educational process
 - (B) Community process
 - (C) Group process
 - (D) Interaction process
 - (E) Answer not known

188. _____ is the result from the interaction of the key subsystems of id, ego, super ego.
- (A) Individual's behaviour
 - (B) Interlinked problem
 - (C) Personality
 - (D) Unconscious
 - (E) Answer not known
189. _____ is the most important technique of counselling.
- (A) Psychological help
 - (B) Classification
 - (C) Vocational environment
 - (D) Individual differences
 - (E) Answer not known
190. _____ is always coupled with interviewing.
- (A) Investigation
 - (B) Observation
 - (C) Role play
 - (D) Creative activities
 - (E) Answer not known

191. Case worker attempts to find out the _____ of the client towards his problem.

- (A) Attitude
- (B) Environment
- (C) Evaluation
- (D) Work place
- (E) Answer not known

192. In society the individual needs high level of adaptability to fulfil

- (A) Personal feelings
- (B) Various roles
- (C) Self desire
- (D) Social role
- (E) Answer not known

193. _____ is the indirect treatment in case work.

- (A) Clarification
- (B) Environmental manipulation
- (C) Counselling
- (D) Therapeutic interviewing
- (E) Answer not known

194. _____ is mainly concerned with changes in the neurotic behaviour of the client.

- (A) Counselling
- (B) Psychotherapy
- (C) Psychoanalytic therapy
- (D) Intrapsychic
- (E) Answer not known

195. Social case worker starts his/her work with the knowledge of the _____ of the client.

- (A) Needs
- (B) Trouble
- (C) Adaptability
- (D) Contributing factors
- (E) Answer not known

196. From the given dialogue, state that what type of question was raised by the case worker?

Client : Myself and my brother always doing a fight once we come back from school.

Case worker : What are your fights be like?

- (A) Interrogative Question
- (B) Close-ended Question
- (C) Indirect Question
- (D) Open-ended Question
- (E) Answer not known

197. _____ is associated with certain expectations.

- (A) Status
- (B) Membership
- (C) Conflict
- (D) Social Role
- (E) Answer not known

198. Assertion (A) : Resistance is an unfortunate term for the manifestation of defense mechanism.

Reason (R) : The conscious/unconscious point of view adapt to his defenses to safeguard their intrapsychic danger.

- (A) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is false but (R) is true
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (E) Answer not known

199. The end phase of the helping process brings fear in client of

- (A) Separation
- (B) Experience
- (C) Identification
- (D) Projection
- (E) Answer not known

200. The non-judgemental attitude is a quality of the _____ relationship.

- (A) Case work
 - (B) Group work
 - (C) Community organisation
 - (D) Social Action
 - (E) Answer not known
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