COMBINED TECHNICAL SERVICES EXAMINATION

(NON-INTERVIEW POSTS)

COMPUTER BASED TEST

PAPER – II – ANTHROPOLOGY

(PG DEGREE STANDARD) (CODE: 312)

1.	Who	is the founder of biological a	inthropology?
	(A)	Buttner – Janusch	(B) Glynn Cochrane
	(C)	J.F. Blumenbach	(D) Beals & Hoijer
	(E)	Answer not known	
2.		range of forms of any human in colour	n characteristic, such as body shape
	(A)	Human Adaptation	(B) Human Variation
	(C)	Human Evolution	(D) Human Synthesis
•	(E)	Answer not known	•
3.	The hum	_	ites, the closest living relatives to
	(A)	Primatology	(B) Palaeoanthropology
	(C)	Human Ecology	(D) Bioarchaeology
	(E)	Answer not known	
4	Visc	erotonic is a type of somatoty	ype. It is also known as
	(A)	Endomorph	(B) Mesomorph
	(C)	Ectomorph	(D) None of the above
	(E)	Answer not known	•

5.		surement of body density ach of study	would	come	under	the	following
	(A)	Biological Anthropology					
	(B)	Physical Anthropology					
	(C)	Bio-social Anthropology					
	$(D^{f})$	Physiological Anthropology					
	(E)	Answer not known					
6.		bfield of Physical Anthropolo ificant human skeletal remain		at deals	s with t	he a	nalysis of
	(A)	Palaeoanthropology	(B)	Huma	n Gene	tic	
	(C)	Forensic Anthropology	(D)	Physic	ological	Antl	nropology
	(E)	Answer not known	•				
7.	Gam	netes					
	(A)	Sex cells	(B)	Body 1	tissues		٤
	(C)	Bone cells	(D)	Skin o	ells		
	(E)	Answer not known					
8.	Gene	etic drift is also called as					
	(A)	Sewall Wright effect	(B)	Hyhri	dization	1	
	(C)	Sexual selection	, ,	_	selection		
	(E)	Answer not known	(1)	Doctal	BOICOLL	711	
	(1)	IMOWOI HOURHOWII	•			-	

	(A)	Metacentric chromosome		1
	(B)	Submetacentric chromosome	•	:
	(C)	Acrocentric chromosome		: "
	(2)	Telocentric chromosome		ું યુ
	(E)	Answer not known		4 -
10.	A ge	ene is made up of	·	
	(A)	DNA	(B) RNA	•
	(8)	Either DNA or RNA	(D) Glucose	•
	(E)	Answer not known		. "
11.	Hylo	obates .	,	
		Gibbons and Siamangs		
	(B)	Orangutans and Gorillas		
	(C)	Chimpanzees and Gorillas		• '
	(D)	Bonobo and Pygmy		
	(E)	Answer not known		
12.	Thẹ	use of anthropology to help so	lve crimes	,
	(A)	Forensic Anthropology	(B) Anthropolo	ogy of Crimes
	(C)	Police Anthropology	(D) Criminal A	nthropology
	(E)	Answer not known		•

		·			
13.	Whi	ich among the following is not	the principal blood group of man?		
	(A)	0	(B) A		
	(C)	AB	(D) Anti-A		
	(E)	Answer not known			
14.	The	"Descent of Man" was related	d to		
	(A)	Darwin	(B) Lamarck		
	(C)	Morgan	(D) Mendel		
	(E)	Answer not known			
15.	Who	o is the author of "The origin o	of species" in 1859?		
	(A)	T.H. Huxley	(P) Charles Darwin		
	(C)	P.P. Broca	(D) A.C. Haddon		
	(E)	Answer not known			
16.	Who among the following tries to classify Indian population on the basis of anthropometric measurements?				
	(A)	E.A. Hooton	(B) Herbert Hope Risley		
	(C)	R.B. Dixon	(D) Von Eickstedt		
	(E)	Answer not known			
17.		ich of the following ethnic approximation of mankind?	group does not belong to Negroid		
	(A)	The Bushman	(B) The Bantu speaking		
	(C)	Hottentots	(D) Dinaric		
	(E)	Answer not known			

18.		Which among the following is not the major area of interest in physical anthropology?						
	(A)	Human genetics	(B) Paleoanthropology					
	(C)	Racial history	(D) Ethnology					
	(E)	Answer not known						
19.	Phe	notype refers to the ————	— of an individual.					
	(A)	Genetic makeup	(B) Actual physical appearance					
	(C)	Recessive alleles	(D) None of the above					
	(E)	Answer not known ·						
20.	Diffusionism stresses how							
	(A)	Inventive Egyptians are						
	(B)	•						
	(C)	Inventive Europeans are						
	(D)	Uninventive people are						
	(E)	Answer not known						
21.	The	era belongs to the Age of mamı	nals					
	(A)	Palaeozoic	(B) Mesozoic					
	(C)	Cenozoic	(D) All of the above					
	(E)	Answer not known						
22.	Whi	ch is the largest of all living pri	mates?					
		Orangutans						
		Gorillas	(B) Siamangs (D) Chimpanzees					
	(E)	Answer not known	(D) Ommpanzees					
	(11)	I MOVOL HOU KHOWH						

23.	The first of the Australopithecinae was found by Raymond Dart in						
	(A)	London	(B) Babylone				
	(C)	Johannesburg	(D) Burma				
	(E)	Answer not known					
24.	DNA	A means					
	(A)	Detraoxyribonucleic Acid	(B) Dinooxyribonucleic Acid				
	(C)	Deoxyribonucleic Acid	(D) Duoxyribonucleic Acid				
	(E)	Answer not known					
25.	Sickle-Cell Anemia						
	(A)	(A) Abnormality of the white blood cells					
	(B)	(B) Abnormality of both the red and white blood cells					
	(C)	Abnormality of the red blood	cells				
	(D)	(D) Abnormality of the density of the blood					
	(E)	Answer not known					
26.	Changes in the genetic makeup of species in a population as a resul of responding to environmental changes						
	(A)	Mutation	(B) Adaptation				
	(C)	Inorganic Evolution	(D) Organic Evolution				
	(E)	Answer not known					
27.	The study of the origins of humans						
	(A)	Anthropocene	(B) Anthropology				
	(C)	Anthropogeny	(D) Anthropomorphism				
	(E)	Answer not known					

28.		Classification of Man b casian, the Mongolian, the l ayan.	•						
	(A) (B)								
	(C)	Franz Ignaz Pruner							
	(D)	Johann Friedrich Blumenba	ch						
	(E)	Answer not known							
29.	"Social anthropology aims at a recent comparative analysis of how people believe in Social Constitution" – Who said this?								
	(A	Malinowski .B	(B) D.N. Mujum	dur					
	(C)	R. Firth	(D) L.P. Vidyart	hi					
	(E)	Answer not kņown	•	•					
30.	The	Chamar's means							
	(A)	Farmers	(B) Oil Pressers						
	(C)	Leather Workers	(D) Potters						
	(E)	Answer not known							
31.	· Dho	lavira considered to be a							
	(A)	Stone site	(B) Pre historic	site					
	(C)	Pre-indus site	(D) Rock Art site	)					
	(E)	Answer not known							

32.	Moh	nenjodaro means —————	· .			
	(A)	Prehistoric site	(B) Famous for Art			
	(C)	A miner site	(D) Mound of the dead			
	(E)	Answer not known				
33.		The existence of a Stone Age in the History of Human kind was fire recognized in the Year				
	(A)	, 1850	(B) 1810			
	(C)	1830	(D) 1820			
	(E)	Answer not known	•			
34.	The late Old Stone Age is called as					
	(A)	Lower Paleolithic	(B) Upper Paleolithic			
	(C)	Middle Paleolithic	(D) Neolithic			
	(E)	Answer not known				
35.	The	Theory Historical Particularis	m was defined by			
	(A)	B. Malinowski	(B) Milton Singer			
	(C)	A.L. Kroebar	(D) S.F. Nadel			
•	(E)	Answer not known	•			
36.		said culture as the integral consumer's good?	whole consisting of implements			
	(A)	A.L. Kroeber	(B) E. Sapir			
	(C)	Wissler. C.	(D) Malinowski. B.			
	(E)	Answer not known				

37.	The concept of Core Symbols propounded by					
	(A)	Clifford Geertz	(B) David Schneider			
	(C)	Victor Turner	(D) Mary Douglas			
	(E)	Answer not known				
38.	Who	developed the theory of Adol	ence and Culture?			
	(A)	Ruth Benedict	(B) John. W. M. Whiting			
	(C)	Erich Fromm	( <b>F</b> ) Margaret Mead			
	(E)	Answer not known	•			
39.	The	Book Suicide Serve as an exa	mple for			
	(A)	Instrumentalism	(B) Cufened Psychiatry			
	(C)	Historical Sociology	. (D) Deconstruction			
	(E)	Answer not known				
40.	Post	Modernism believes in				
	(A)	Traditions	(B) Orthodoxy			
	(C)	Local Narratives	(D) Meta Narratives			
	(E)	Answer not known				
41.	The	theory of structuralism was b	eased on			
	(A)	Organic model	(B) Intellectual transition			
	(C)	Linguistic model	(D) Theoretical foundation			
	(E)	Answer not known				
		•				

42.	Whi	Which aspect the Adichanallur site is famous for?						
	(A)	Urn burials	(B)	Sarcophagi				
	(C)	Dolmen	(D)	Topikkal				
	(E)	Answer not known						
43.	In	India, flakes with Levallois ———— cultural sequence	ian	character appear only in				
	(A)	Pre soan	(B)	Early soan				
	(C)	Late soan	(D)	Evolved soan				
	(E)	Answer not known		•				
44.	Bric	ks and roof tiles identified in K	eela	di are made of				
	(A)	75% silica and 5% lime	(B)	80% silica and 7% lime				
	(C)	76% silica and 9% lime	(D)	81% silica and 3% lime				
	(E)	Answer not known						
45.	Who	has given the scheme of glacia	l and	d Interglacial periods?				
	(A)	Penck and Bruckner	(B)	Andrew Ellicott Douglas				
	(C)	Gerard De Geer	(D)	Willard Libly				
	(E)	Answer not known		•				
46.	Adic	chanallur is a ————— site.						
	(A)	Chalcolithic	(B)	Megalithic				
	(C)	Palaeolithic	(D)	Mesolithic				
	(E)	Answer not known	•					

47.		ganic objects?	iques which one is used for dating			
	(A)	K.AR - dating	(B) U-TH. dating			
	(C)	C <sub>14</sub> dating	(D) T.L. dating			
	(E)	Answer not known				
48.		dy of food grains recovered :	in archaeological excavations are			
	(A)	Palynology	(B) Archaeobotany			
	(C).	Ethnobotany -	(D) Palaeobotany.			
	(E)	Answer not known				
49.	Among the following sites, which one is situated in Tamil Nadu?					
	(A)	Anagwadi	(B) Mahagura			
	(C)	Athirampakkam	(D) Budihal			
	(E)	Answer not known				
50.		ong the following books, w kheim?	which one is written by Emile			
	(A)	Territorial Imperative				
	(B)	The rules of sociological met	hod			
	(C)	Socio-Biology : The New Syn	thesis			
	(D)	The Selfish gene				
	(E)	Answer not known				

51.	Who catt		cultural Ecology of India's sacred			
	(A)	Morton H. Fried	(B) Cora Du Bois			
	(C)	M. Harris	(D) A. Kardiner			
	(E)	Answer not known				
52.	Mat	rilateral exchange promote m	ore social solidarity who said this?			
	(A)	Marcel Mauss	(B) Durkheim			
	(C)	Desmond Morris	(D) Levi-strauss			
•	(E)	Answer not known				
53.	Who has written book on ritual process of human life? (or) Rites of Passage?					
	(A)	Victor Tuner	(B) Clifford Greetz			
	(C)	Arnold Gennep	(D) Kroeber. A.L.			
	(E)	Answer not known				
54.	Whi	ich one is the example for prin	nitive systems of ritual exchange?			
	(A)	Barter	(B) Silent trade			
	(C)	Potlatch	(D) Smuggling			
	(E)	Answer not known	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
55.	Whj	ich tribe practices circumcision	a ceremony?			
	(A)	Chokwe of Angola	(B) Azande of Sudan			
	(C)	Khasas of Jaunsar Bawar	` '			
	(E)	Answer not known	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

56.		ich among the following can ure?	be disastrous to the diffusion of							
	(A)	War	(B) Cultural Tabooes							
	(C)	Isolation	(D) Trade and Commerce							
	(E)	Answer not known								
57.	Whi	Which of the following is associated with functionalism?								
	(A)	(A) The Idea of reconstruction of cultural history								
	(B)	Insistence on growth of cultu	ıre							
	(C)	(C) The concept of cultural integration								
	(D)	The notion of Psychological u	inity of mankind							
	(E)	Answer not known								
58.		Which theory argues that all cultures undergo the same development stages in the same order?								
	(A)	Diffusionism	(B) Particularism							
	(C)	Evolutionism	(D) Modernism							
	(E)	Answer not known								
59.	A fit	t between the organism and en	vironment							
	(A)	Inheritance	(B) Canalization							
	(C)	Exaptation	(D) Adaptation							

	-	vpe of political system to sion making called as	111101	voo popular pa	i dicipation in					
	(A)	Autocracy	(B)	Anarchy	· * ,					
	(CX	Democracy	(D)	Aristocracy	,					
	(E)	Answer not known								
61.		The exchange of goods and services of roughly equal value between two parties without the use of money is called as								
	(A)	Kula ring system	(B)	Balanced econ	omy					
	(C)	Reciprocity	· (D)	Silent trade	•					
	(E)	Answer not known								
62.		Who among the following was on the opinion that "a gift is a social substitute for money among moneyless cultures"?								
	(A)	Ogburn and Nimkoff	(B)	Mauss						
	(C)	Dalton	(D)	K. Polyani						
	(E)	Answer not known								
				How did hunters and gatherers live?						
63.	How	did hunters and gathere	rs live?							
63.		<del>-</del>								
63.	(A)	They lived a nomadic lif	e		,					
63.	(A) (B)	They lived a nomadic lift They lived very religious	e sly	and mountains	,					
63.	(A)	They lived a nomadic lif	e sly a, forests	and mountains						

64.	Who Thou	9	ne	following	belong	to	the	Formalist	School	of
	(A)	Raymond	Firt	h	(	B) I	Malin	owski		
	(C)	Karl Polya	ıni		(	D) ]	Daltoi	n		
	(E)	Answer no	t kr	nown						
65.	relat	believed ions, cultur ral factors	al v	alues and	l historic	cal c	ontex	ts and that	t social a	nd
	(A)	Formalists	3.		. (	B) ]	Econo	mistș		
	(C)	Economic .	Ant	hropologis	sts (	D)	Subst	antivists		
	(E)	Answer no	t kr	nown						
66.	Stone	e Age Econ	omi	cs (1972) -	- the boo	ok w	ritter	ı·by		
	(A)	K. Polanyi	•		(	B) I	Marsł	all Sahlins	3	
	(C)	Raymond ?	Firt	h	(	D) ]	Hersk	ovits		
	(E)	Answer no	t kr	nown						
67.	Mau	rice Godlier	ha	s develope	ed econo	mic	anthr	ropology fro	om	
	(A)	Weberian	pers	spective	(	B/I	Marxi	an perspec	tive	
	(C)	Darwinian	pei	rspective	(	D) ]	Durkl	neimian per	rspective	<del>)</del>
	(E)	Answer no	t kr	nown						
68.	Whic	h of the fol	lowi	ing is a ca	ttle rear	ing	tribe'	?		
	(A)	Kamar			(	B/	Todas	1		
	(C)	Kharia			. (	D) (	Garo			
	(E)	Answer no	t kr	nown						
					•					

69.	An example for balanced reciprocity						
	(A)	Potlach	(B) Jajmani system				
	(C)	Gift exchange	(D) Kula ring system				
	(E)	Answer not known					
70.	Residence of a married couple with the husbands mother's brother is called as						
	(A)	Neolocal	(B) Avuncular local residence				
	(C)	Ambilocal	(D) Patrilocal				
•	(E)	Answer not known	•				
71.	In societies that practice ————————————————————————————————————						
	(A)	Ambilineal	(B) Double				
	(C)	Bilateral	(D) Unilateral				
	(E)	Answer not known					
72.	Cog	natic rule is otherwise called					
	(A)	Double descent	(B) Bilateral				
	(C)	Unilineal	(D) Ambilineal				
	(E)	Answer not known	,				
73.		practice of addressing a person ne rather than his individual na	n as the parent of his named child nme				
	(A)	Avoidance	(B) Avunculate				
	(C)	Joking relationship	(D) Teknonymy				
	(E)	Answer not known					
			•				

74.	The kinship system prevalent in many western societies, prioritizes the nuclear family. Siblings and parents are differentiated from other types of relatives. Beyond the nuclear family, distinctions are not made based on gender or generation.					
	(A)	Hawaiian system	(B) Iroquois system			
	(C)	Sudanese system	(D Eskimo system			
	(E) Answer not known					
75.	Iroquois pattern of kinship system is otherwise called as					
	(A)	Generational system	(B) Descriptive system			
	(C)	Lineal kinship	(D) Bifurcate merging			
	(E)	Answer not known				
76.	Who has described the primacy of culture over biology?					
	(A)	Kroeber	(B) Ruth Benedict			
	(C)	Margaret Mead	(D) Anthony Wallace			
	(E)	Answer not known				
77.	Father is a ——————————————————————————————————					
	(A)	Classifications	(B) Descriptive			
	(C)	Ambiguous	(D) Much used			
	(E)	Answer not known				
	` '					

		•					
78.	Who defined culture as "that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, morals, law, customs and any other capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society"?						
	(A)	Franz Boas	(B) E.B. Tylor				
	(C)	Ruth Benedict	(D) Ward Good enough				
	(E)	Answer not known					
79.	Whi	ch of the following is an ant	idote or a solution to ethnocentrism?				
	(A)	Cultural relativism	(B) Cultural appropriation				
	(C)	Cultural imperialism:	(D) Cultural pluralism ·				
	(E)	Answer not known					
80.	What is culture shock?						
	(A)	Excitement felt when a person enters a new country					
	(B)	A person's inability to adapt to a new country or culture					
	(C)	Psychological changes felt when a person enters a new country or culture					
	(D)	A person's extreme surprise at the customs of another culture					
	(E)	Answer not known					
81.	Cho	ose the BEST listed definition	on of ethnocentrism.				
	(A)	Liking your own culture					
	(B)	Assuming that your cultur	re is better than all other cultures				
	(C)	Thinking about your ethni	city before you take any action				
	(D)	Ignoring ethnicity whenev	er conducting business				
	(E)	Answer not known					

82.	Mechanisms found in all societies that functions to encourage people not to violate the social norms.							
	(A)	Social value	(B) Social norms					
	(C)	Social control	(D) Social order					
	(E)	Answer not known						
83.	Mark out the incorrect one; Internal ordering of a society involves.							
	(A)	Resolution of convicts						
	(B)	Redressel of disputes						
	(C)	Threat to use force						
	(D)	) A reference to supernatural power						
	(E)	Answer not known						
84.	Political Anthropology studies all types of							
	(A)	Political Administration						
	(B)	Historical Administration						
	(C)	Cultural Administration	\$					
	(D)	Legal Administration						
	(E)	Answer not known						
85.	Who	viewed the politics in terms of	contests, goals and strategies?					
	(A)	Radcliffe-Brown	(B) Max Gluckman					
	(C)	F.G. Bailey	(D) Meyer Fortes					
•	(E)	Answer not known						

86.	Rewards or punishments used to enforce social norms and laws.							
	(A)	Social control	(B	Sanctions				
	(C)	Enforcement	(D	) Social order				
	(E)	Answer not know	vn					
87.	Ruled by a small segment of society							
	(A)	Monarchy	(B)	) Gerontocracy				
	(C)	Oligarchy	(D	) Theocracy				
	(E)	Answer not know	vn -	: •				
88.	is used to determine guilt or innocence by submitting the accused to dangerous, painful or risky tests believed to be controlled by supernatural forces.							
	(A)	Oath	(B	Ordeal				
	(C)	Promise	. (D	) Witness				
	(E)	Answer not know	vn					
89.	Disputes of long duration characterized by a state of recurring hostilities between families, lineages or other kin groups.							
	(A)	Conflict	(B	Discontent				
	(C)	Feud	(D	) Warfare				
	(E)	Answer not know	vn					
90.		Which among the following can be cited as an example for egalitarian societies?						
	(A)	Swat Pathans	(B	Inuit				
	(C)	Mbuti	(D	) Tiwi				
	(E)	Answer not know	vn					

22

312 - Anthropology

91.	The father of political anthropology						
	(A)	Georges Balandier	(B) Sir Henry Maine				
	(C)	Meyer Fortes	(D) E. E. Evans. Pritchard				
	(E)	Answer not known					
92.	The theory of expanding social alliances was first set forth by						
	(A)	Edward Tylor	(B) B. Malinowski				
	(C)	L.H. Morgan	(D) Alfred Kroeber				
	(E)	Answer not known					
93.	Advantage of bride price						
	(A)	) It may perpetuate the objectification of women, as they are seen as commodities					
•	(B)	It can be an economic burden on the groom's family, leading to financial strain					
	(C)	It can lead to disputes and conflicts if the agreed-upon amount is not met					
	· (D)	It fosters a sense of unity and respect between two families					
	(E)	Answer not known					
94.	The	The process of breaking up a joint family starts from					
	(A)	Industrialization	(B) Urbanization				
	(C)	Secularism	(D) Liberalization				
	(E)	Answer not known					

95.	_	uiring a mate by probation munity	is	found	among	the	following		
	(A)	Birhor of Bihar	(B	) Naya	rs of Ke	rala			
	(C)	Purums of Manipur	(D		s of Man				
	(E)	Answer not known	·			-			
96.	Marriage of two Hindus can be solemnized under								
	(A)	Hindu Marriage Act, 1955							
	(B)	Special Marriage Act, 1954					,		
	(C)								
	(D)	, , , ,							
	(E)	Answer not known							
	•	•	•						
97.	What among the following is not an essential feature of Hindu Joint Family?								
	(A)	Perpetuity	(B	Copa	rency				
	(C)	Un obstructed heritage	(D	Less	in meml	ber si	ize		
	(E)	Answer not known							
98.	The unit of production in tribal economy is								
	(A)	Clan	(B	Linea (	age				
	(C)	Village	(B	Fami	_				
	(E)	Answer not known	•		-				

99.	'Marriage is a contract for the production and maintenance of children' – who said this?						
	(A)	E.B. Tylor	(B. B. Malinowski				
	(C)	Frazer	(D) R.K. Merton				
	(E)	Answer not known					
100.	Real	brothers-sisters are known as	f				
	(A)	Siblings	(B) Agnates				
	(C)	Cognates	(D) Collaterals				
•	(E)	Answer not known					
101.	eings are born Tabula Rasa - with						
•	(A)	John Locke	(B) David Hume				
	(C)	Immanuel Kant	(D) Noam Chomsky				
	(E)	Answer not known					
102.	Who	is considered as father of Phys	sical Anthropology?				
	(A)	M.D. Leakey	(B) J.F. Blumenbach				
	(C)	K. Pearson	(D) R. Dart				
	(E)	Answer not known	•				

- 103. Which branch of anthropology provides biological perspectives to the systematic study of human beings?
  - (A) Biographical Anthropology
  - (B) Biological Anthropology
  - (C) Bio-Cultural Anthropology
  - (D) Bioscience Anthropology
  - (E) Answer not known
- 104. Kinanthropometry refers to
  - (A) study of measurement of human skull
  - (B) understanding of inheritance and hereditary traits
  - (C) study of human shape and size to understand growth, nutrition and performance
  - (D) identification of dead bodies through body measurements
  - (E) Answer not known
- 105. Which field of Anthropology concentrates on human evolution, adaptation and variation?
  - (A) Social Anthropology
  - (B) Physical Anthropology
  - (C) Linguistic Anthropology
  - (D) Archaeological Anthropology
  - (E) Answer not known

106.	6. Who concentrates on the similarities and differences between various primate species, which include not only human, but and monkeys as well?						
	(A)	Zoologist	(B) Primatologist				
	(C)	Anatomist	(D) Geneticist				
	(E)	Answer not known					
107.	and	Who has said that anthropology studies man as a homo politicus and seeks properties common to all political organizations in all historical and geographical diversity?					
•	(A)	George Balandier	(B) Edmond Leech				
	(C)	F.G. Bailey	(D) S. Epstein				
	(E)	Answer not known					
108.	Who has said that sociology and social anthropology in their broadest senses are one and the same?						
	(A)	Hoebel	(B) Evans-Pritchard				
	(C)	Radcliffe-Brown	(D) Levi-Strauss				
	(E)	Answer not known					
109.	An umbrella term socio-cultural anthropology makes reference to both cultural and social anthropology traditions						
	(A)	Ethnicity	(B) Humanity				
	(C)	Civilization	(D) Sociality				
	(E)	Answer not known					

110.	Anth	propology is interested in people	e				
	(A)	Of the past	(B) Of the present				
	(C)	Of all periods	(D) Of the future				
	(E)	Answer not known					
111.	Cros	s-Cultural researcher intereste	ed in				
	(A)	A) How the ways of life of a particular group of people changed over time					
	(B)	Discovering general patterns about cultural traits					
	(C)	Observing the people and their customs					
	(D)	Using anthropological knowledge to solve the problems of the people					
	(E)	Answer not known					
		•					
112.	The discipline of Anthropology is described as holistic because						
	(A)	It consists of many sub-disciplines					
	(B)	It supports complete development of marginalised societies					
	(C)	It is an integrated and comprehensive approach to study human diversities					
	(D)	It focusses on interdisciplinary research					
	(E)	Answer not known					
113.	Personal identification and reconstruction of evidences comes under the subject matter of						
	(A)	Human Genetics					
	(B)	Forensic Anthropology					
	(C)	Palaeoanthropology					
	(D)	Anthropometry					
	(E)	E) Answer not known					

28

312 - Anthropology

	(A)	Signal	(B) Language
	(C)	Symbol	(D) Phonetics
	(E)	_	
115.	Whic	ch is wrongly paired	among the following?
	(A)	S.C. Roy	– Munda
·	(B)	D.N. Majumdar	- Khasa
•	(C)	Surjit <sup>.</sup> Sinha	- · Bhumij · ·
	(D)	S.C. Dube	– Maria
	(E)	Answer not known	
116.		_	g has referred to change from 'cumulative's due to changing social stratification?
	(A)	Yogendra Singh	(B) Andre Beteille
	(C)	Dipankar Gupta	(D) Morris D. Morris
	(E)	Answer not known	
	•	•	

117. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: Some major concepts and approaches about social

change in India can be grouped as Sanskritization

and Westernization.

Statement II: The term Sanskritization was used by

M.N. Srinivas to describe the process of structural

transformation in the Indian Social Structure.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.

(A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

(B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect

(C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect

(D) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

(E) Answer not known

118. Irawati Karve's analysis of Indian Social relations based on indological approach was influenced by

(A) M.N. Srinivas

(B) I.P. Desai

(C) G.S. Ghurye

(D) N. Subba Reddy

(E) Answer not known

119. D.N. Majumdar's work on 'Mohana (Lucknow)' contributed to which field of study?

(A). Urban Sociology

(B) Anthropology of Religion

(C) Environmental studies

(D) Rural Sociology

(E) Answer not known

120.	Whose contention was that Asur Community belonged to the same age as that of the Indus Valley culture?					
	(A)	Nirmal Kumar Bose	(B) K.P. Chattopadhyay			
	(C)	T.C. Das	(D) Sarat Chandra Roy			
	(E)	Answer not known				
121.	Who	founded the Ethnographic and	Folk culture society in 1945?			
	(A)	D.N. Majumdar	(B) N.K. Bose			
	(C)	M.N. Srinivas	(D) L.P. Vidyarthi			
	(E)	Answer not known				
122.	Who had commented that the tribes should be left alone and they should be allowed to develop in isolation?					
,	(A)	Verrier Elwin	(B) G.S. Ghurye			
	(C)		(D) N.K. Bose			
	(E)	Answer not known				
123.	Who	has contributed the concept of	'Sacred Complex'?			
	(A)	D.N. Majumdar	(B. L.P. Vidyarthi			
	(C)	M.N. Srinivas	(D) Ishwaran			
	(Ė)	Answer not known	•			
124.	The	Dynamics of Human Biology - t	the book written by			
	(A)	L.P. Vidyarthi	(B) Nirmal Kumar Bose			
	(C)	S.C. Dube	(D) I.P. Desai			
	(E)	Answer not known				

125.	Who first used the term Sanskritization?								
	(A)	M.N. Srinivas	(B)	C.H. Coole					
	(C)	T.N. Majumdar	(D)	L.P. Vidyarthi					
	(E)	Answer not known							
126.	Auth	Author of the book 'Remembered Village'							
	(A)	D.N. Majumdar	(B)	M.N. Srinivas					
	(C)	S.C. Roy	(D)	S.C. Dube					
	(E)	Answer not known		•					
127.	Who is the founder of the Anthropological survey of India?								
	(A)	B.S. Guha	(B)	Bhupendranath Datta					
	(C)	Sarat Chandra Roy	(D)	K.P. Chattopadhyay					
	(E)	Answer not known							
128.	A major component of ethnographic research is								
	(A) ·	Simulation	(B)	Observation					
	(C)	Validation	(D)	Survey					
	(E)	Answer not known							
129.	Which is the research method predominantly used to study culture Anthropology?								
	(A)	Interview	(B)	Questionnaire					
	(C)	Participant Observation	(D)	Focus Group discussion					
	(E)	Answer not known							

130.	. In which of the following, there is a greater flexibility in both the methods and process of research?							
	(A)	Ethnography	(B)	Descriptive survey				
	(C)	Experimental study	(D)	Historical study				
	(E)	Answer not known						
131.	131. Which of the following should be taken into account while pre a questionnaire?							
	(1)	The purpose of research						
	(2)	Brevity of questions		•				
	(3)	Avoidance of leading questions						
	(4)	Questions that seek detailed information						
	(5).	5) Preference for double barrelled questions						
	(A)	(1), (2) and (3) only	(B)	(2), (3) and (4) only				
	(C)	(3), (4) and (5) only	(D)	(1), (4) and (5) only				
	(E)	Answer not known						
132.		h qualitative research app experiences of individuals?		ocuses on understanding the				
	(A)	Grounded theory	. (B)	Case study				
	(C)	Ethnography	(D)	Phenomenology				
	(E)	Answer not known						
133.		perspective that all aspec connection with each other		culture must be studied in				
	(A)	Holism	(B)	Cross-cultural study				
	(C)	Glocalization	(D)	Cultural relativism				
	(E)	Answer not known						
		3:	3	312 – Anthropology [Turn over				

		- ·						
134.	The key informant is							
	(A)	A representative of the majority						
	(B)	A source of information as per the researcher's desire						
	(C)							
	(D)	A well informed individual who is approachable						
	(E)	Answer not known						
135.	The .	Aztec empire and culture was f	oun	d in				
	(A)	South America	(B)	North America				
	(C)	Mexico	(D)	Australia .				
	(E)	Answer not known						
136,	Who has introduced the case study method into social science?							
	(A)	Herbert Spencer	(B)	Frederic Le Play				
	(C)	Burgess	(D)	Clyde Kluckhohn				
	(E)	Answer not known						
137.	A se	t of hypothesis that have been oted	tes	ted, evaluated and generally				
,	(A)	Conclusion	(B)	Truth				
	(C)	Generalization	(D)	Theory				
	(E)	Answer not known						
138.	The method was introduced by Kurt Lewin in 1936 in U.S. is							
	(A)	Survey method	(B)	Focus group method				
	(C)	Random sampling	(D)	Rapport building				
	(E)	Answer not known		-				

34

312 - Anthropology

139. It is a technique to ensure a systematic communication field worker and the people			communication between the			
	(A)	Participant obs	serva	ation	(B)	Interview method
	(C)	Case study me	thod		(D)	All of the above
	(E)	Answer not kn	own			
140.	The g	geneaological m	etho	d was deve	lope	d by
	(A)	H. Morgan			(B)	W.H.R. Rivers
	(C)	Darwin			(D)	Ernst Haeckel
	(E)	Answer not kn	own			•
141.	Ethn	ographic studie	s are	e the prerog	gativ	ve of
	(A)	Researchers		÷	(B)	Anthropologists
	` • ´	Field studies		,	(D)	Social scientists
	(E)	Answer not kn	own			
142.	Choo	se the correct p	air f	rom the foll	lowi	ng:
	(A)	Observation	_	Content A	naly	sis
	(B)	Genealogy		E.B. Tylor		
	(C)	Rapport	_	Fieldwork		
•	(D)	Ethnography	_ ,	Charles Da	arwi	n
	(E)	Answer not kn	.own			
		e.				

143.	Which is more important in designing a questionnaire?								
	(A)	The questionnaire is attractive with interesting questions							
	(B)	The questionnaire is as short as possible							
	(C)	Know what you want to find out							
	(D)	The questionnaire has very clear instructions							
	(E)	Answer not known							
144.		ographic field work across more than one geographic nunity or institution area is called							
	(A)	Cross – cultural study							
	(B)	Multi – sited Ethnography							
	(C)	Comparative – Ethnography							
	(D)	Post – modernist Ethnography							
•	(E)	Answer not known							
145.	Research technique that involves obtaining information on a particular topic from more than one angle or perspective is								
	(A)	Restudy (B) Case study							
	(C)	Criss-Cross method (P) Triangulation							
	(E)	Answer not known							
146.	A discourse analysis is primarily deal with								
	(A)	Folklore (B) Myth							
	(C)	Culture (D) Language							
	(E)	Answer not known							

147.		aggregate of all units that con ifications is called	ntorm to some designated set of
	(A)	Sample	(B) Sample Estimate
	(C)	Target Population	(D) Universe
	(E)	Answer not known	
148.	the e		material features of life, such as s, and mode of production as the tion and ideology is
	(A) .	Cultural Ecology	(B) Cultural Materialism
	(C)	Cultural Traits	(D) Culture of Poverty
	(E)	Answer not known	
149.	$\cdot$ Refle	exive ethnographies are charact	erized by
	(A)	Hawthorne effect	
	(B)	Field experience	
	(C)	Highly personalized reporting	
	(D)	Use of tables and figures	
	(E)	Answer not known	
150.		ural materialists tend to fa oach	avour which kind of research
	(A)	Archival	(B) Deductive
	(C)	Triangulation	(D) Discourse
	(E)	Answer not known	

- 151. Which of the following statements are regarded as a rule of measurement?
  - (i) Always measure things at the highest level of measurement possible
  - (ii) Always measure things at the lowest level of measurement possible
  - (iii) Don't measure things at the ordinal level if you can measure them as ratio variables
  - (A) (i) Only

(B) (i) and (ii) Only

(C) (i) and (iii). Only

- (D) (ii) and (iii) Only
- (E) Answer not known
- 152. The "Ecological Fallacy" is also known as the
  - (A) Nosnibor Effect

(B) Taylor Effect

(C) Petroski Effect

(D) Mitcham Effect

- (E) Answer not known
- 153. Learning another language is
  - (A) seldom part of anthropologist's preparation for field work
  - (B) always accomplished before the anthropologist enters the field site
  - (C) necessary only when an interpreter cannot be found
  - (II) an important part of the tradition of anthropological field work
  - (E) Answer not known

154.	reports is utilizing which type of document analysis?						
	(A)	Content analysis	(B)	Thematic analysis			
	(C)	Discourse analysis	(D)	Narrative analysis			
	(E)	Answer not known					
155.	Ques	tionnaires are a method within	ı wh	ich methodology?			
	(A)	Experimental	(B)	Survey			
	(C)	Observational	(D)	Polling			
	(E)	Answer not known		•			
156.	In which Era, the man and man like apes appeared on the Earth?						
	(A)	Palaeolithic	(B)	Archaeozoic			
•	(C)	Cenozoic	(D)	Mesozoic			
	(E)	Answer not known					
157.	Identify the hierarchy of structure and organisation in Tribal community in ascending order						
	(A)	Clans - Phratries - Families,	Moi	eties – Tribes			
	(B)	Phratries - Clans - Moieties -	- Tri	bes – Families			
	(C)	Families - Clans - Phratries -	- Mo	ieties – Tribes			
	(D)	Tribes - Moieties - Phratries	– Cl	ans – Families			
	(E)	Answer not known					
,							

158.	lang	<del>-</del>		al group speaking a distinctive tinctive culture that makes it off
	(A)	Piddington		(B) Hoebel
	(C)	Winick		(D) D.N. Majumdar
	(E)	Answer not known		•
159.		has studied coconut cor t-based economy?	mplex	of Nicobarese with respect to
		D.N. Majumdar		(B) G. Dalton .
	(C)	L.P. Vidyarthi		(D) Chandra Sekhar
	(E)	Answer not known		
160.	Amo	ng the following, who are i	involv	ved in Tribal Studies?
	(A)	Brenda Beck		(B) Leela Dube
	(C)	A.R. Desai		(D) S.C. Roy
	(E)	Answer not known		
161.		h year the ST commission N. Dhebar?	n was	set up under the chairmanship
	(A)	1965		(B) 1961
	(C)	1960	,	(D) 1962
	(E)	Answer not known		
162.	When	re is the Aimol Kuki tribe :	is livi	ng?
	(A) <sub>4</sub>	Assam		(B) West Bengal
	(C)	Manipur	,	(D) Nagaland
	(E)	Answer not known		
312 -	Anth	ropology	40	

163.	"Religion is the belief in spiritual beings" – Who said this?					
	(A)	W. Schmidt	(B) Max Muller			
	(C)	E. B. Tylor	(D) Frazer			
	(E)	Answer not known				
164.		duled Tribes constitutes how population as per census 2011	many percent of the country's			
	(A)	8.2%	(B) 8.6%			
	(C)	7.5%	(D) 9.2%			
	·(E)	Answer not known ·				
165.		percentage of Scheduled Trib	es in Tamil Nadu to the total			
•	(A)	1.10	(B) 2.10 ·			
	(C)	3.10	(D) 4.10			
	(E)	Answer not known				
166.		ier Elwin's policy with regard lems can be termed as	to the dealing with the tribal			
	(A)	Policy of assimilation	(B) Policy of isolation			
	• •	Policy of integration	(D) Policy of acculturation			
	(E)	Answer not known				
167.		among the following ren	amed Tribes as "Submerged			
	(A)	R.K. Das and S.R. Das	(B) Ghurye and Risley			
	(C)	Huttan and Verrier Elwin	(D) Baines and Majumdar			
	(E)	Answer not known				

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
168.	Proto-Australoid tribal groups are also called as							
	(A)	Pre Dravidian	(B)	Mongoloid				
	(C)	Negrito	(D)	Palaco-Mediterranean				
	(E)	Answer not known						
169.		In which year, the Andhra Pradesh scheduled areas land transfer implemented?						
	(A)	1950	(B)	1959				
	(C)	1960	(D)	1951				
•	(E)	Answer not known						
170.	Which tribe more inclusive patrilineal descent groups?							
	(A)	Nair's of India	(B)	Kapauku .				
	(C)	Khasi Tribes	(D)	Haida Tribes				
	(E)	Answer not known						
171.	Which year Radcliffe-Brown conducted field work in Andaman Islands?							
	(A)	1920	(B)	1930				
	(C)	1922	(D)	1927				
	(E)	Answer not known	,					
172.	The category of religion which is dominant in agricultural societies and states and are centrally organized and hierarchical in structure is called							
,	(A)	Individualistic	(B)	Shamanistic				
	(C)	Communal	(E)	Ecclesiastical				
	(E)	Answer not known						

42

312 – Anthropology

173.	The people must have several gods and goddesses called as								
	(A)	Supernatural	(B) Animism						
	(C)	Pantheons	(D) Animatism						
	(E)	Answer not known							
174.	Frazer's interests were largely confined to the field of								
	(A)	Social Structure	(B) Social Theory						
	` /	Pre history	(D) Religion						
	, ,	Answer not known	(D) Iverigion						
175.		ubfield that examines the ans, technology and society.	complex relationships between						
	(A)	Cyborg Anthropology	(B) Digital Anthropology						
		Design Anthropology	(D) Action Anthropology						
	(E)	Answer not known							
176.	The a	action anthropologists role is t	o act as a						
•	(A)	Whistle – blower	(B) Advocate						
	. ,	Activist	(D) Catalyst						
	(E)	Answer not known							
177	The 4	roum action Anthuonalogy acin	ad by						
111.		term action Anthropology coin	·						
	(A)	Franz Boas	(B) Malinowski						
	(C)	Sol Tax	(D) E.B. Tylor						
	(E)	Answer not known							
		•							

178.	Arra	nge the chronological order in c	lescending order.					
	(A)	A) Anthropology $\rightarrow$ Applied $\rightarrow$ Action $\rightarrow$ Development						
	(B),	$Development \rightarrow Applied \rightarrow Action$	on →Anthropology					
	(C)	$Development \rightarrow Action \rightarrow Applie$	ed →Anthropology					
	(D)	$Development \rightarrow Anthropology -$	$\rightarrow$ Applied $\rightarrow$ Action					
	(E)	Answer not known						
179.	Grow	vth is a						
	(A)	Physical Quality	(B) Measurement					
	(C)	Research Method	(D) Progress					
	(E)	Answer not known						
180.	"Ima	ge of the limited good" is:						
	(A)	A feature of the peasant comm	nunity					
	(B)	A theory of Oscar Lewis						
	(C)	A theory of George Foster						
	(D)	D) A view of E.B. Tylor's evolutionism						
	(E)	Answer not known						
181.	Tḥe indu	author of the book "strialization in India: A case st	• • •	of				
	(A)	N.K. Bose	(B) S.C. Roy					
	(C)	D.N. Majumdar	(D. L.P. Vidyarthi					
	(E)	Answer not known						

Franz Boas had pointed out that anthropologists could make themselves useful by making the studies like						
(A)	hereditary factors in crime					
(B)	the significance of race					
(C)	, the role of education in moder	socie	ty			
(D)	all of the above					
(E)	Answer not known					
knov	vledge of anthropometry in des	_	_			
(A)	Cultural anthropologist	(B) Pl	hysical	anthro	pologi	st
(C)	Archeologist	(D) Li	inguist			
(E)	Answer not known				•	
	<del>-</del>	ıysical	anthro	opology	to the	e legal
(A)	Biological anthropology	(B) M	edical	anthro	pology	
(C)	Human Genetics	(D) Fo	orensic	Anthr	opology	7
(E)	Answer not known					
		is co	orrect	about	appli	ed or
(A)	Always conducted in reference	to the	practi	cal fiel	d .	
(B)	Use the concepts, methods of p	ure sc	ience			
	then (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)  Which know artiff (A) (C) (E)  The proce (A) (C) (E)  Which deve (A)	themselves useful by making the stu  (A) hereditary factors in crime  (B) the significance of race  (C) the role of education in modern  (D) all of the above  (E) Answer not known  Which among the following and knowledge of anthropometry in desiratificial limbs?  (A) Cultural anthropologist  (C) Archeologist  (E) Answer not known  The application of the science of phyprocess is often termed as  (A) Biological anthropology  (C) Human Genetics  (E) Answer not known  Which of the following points development research?  (A) Always conducted in reference	themselves useful by making the studies li  (A) hereditary factors in crime  (B) the significance of race  (C) the role of education in modern socie  (D) all of the above  (E) Answer not known  Which among the following anthropo knowledge of anthropometry in designing artificial limbs?  (A) Cultural anthropologist (B) Pl  (C) Archeologist (D) Li  (E) Answer not known  The application of the science of physical process is often termed as  (A) Biological anthropology (B) M  (C) Human Genetics (D) Fo  (E) Answer not known  Which of the following points is condevelopment research?  (A) Always conducted in reference to the	themselves useful by making the studies like  (A) hereditary factors in crime (B) the significance of race (C) the role of education in modern society (D) all of the above (E) Answer not known  Which among the following anthropologists knowledge of anthropometry in designing machi artificial limbs?  (A) Cultural anthropologist (B) Physical (C) Archeologist (D) Linguist (E) Answer not known  The application of the science of physical anthropocess is often termed as (A) Biological anthropology (B) Medical (C) Human Genetics (D) Forensic (E) Answer not known  Which of the following points is correct development research?  (A) Always conducted in reference to the practical	themselves useful by making the studies like  (A) hereditary factors in crime (B) the significance of race (C) the role of education in modern society (D) all of the above (E) Answer not known  Which among the following anthropologists have knowledge of anthropometry in designing machinery, gartificial limbs?  (A) Cultural anthropologist (B) Physical anthro (C) Archeologist (D) Linguist (E) Answer not known  The application of the science of physical anthropology process is often termed as (A) Biological anthropology (B) Medical anthro (C) Human Genetics (D) Forensic Anthropology (E) Answer not known  Which of the following points is correct about development research?  (A) Always conducted in reference to the practical fields	themselves useful by making the studies like  (A) hereditary factors in crime (B) the significance of race (C) the role of education in modern society (D) all of the above (E) Answer not known  Which among the following anthropologists have used knowledge of anthropometry in designing machinery, garmen artificial limbs?  (A) Cultural anthropologist (B) Physical anthropologist (C) Archeologist (D) Linguist (E) Answer not known  The application of the science of physical anthropology to the process is often termed as (A) Biological anthropology (B) Medical anthropology (C) Human Genetics (D) Forensic Anthropology (E) Answer not known  Which of the following points is correct about applit development research?  (A) Always conducted in reference to the practical field

(C) Use the theories and findings of pure science

(D) All of the above

Answer not known

(E)

186.	Which method focuses on language and meanings that are given to texts, for the purpose of creating and shaping knowledge and behaviour?						
	(A)	Discourse analysis	(B) Narrative resear	ch			
	(C)	Trend analysis	(D) Grounded theory	,			
	(E)	Answer not known					
187.		system in which an indivi		signed to a			
	(A) _	Slavery .	(B) Community	•			
	(C)	Caste	(D) Class				
	(E)	Answer not known					
188.	What is Max Muller best known for in the context of Indian studies?						
	(A),	His military strategies dur	ng colonial times				
	(B)	His work on the translat	=	ient Indian			
	(C)	His architectural contributions to Indian infrastructure					
	(D)	His role as a governor in British-ruled India					
	(E)	Answer not known					
189.	Who	wrote the book 'Annihilatio	of caste'?				
	(A)	G.S. Ghurye	(B) Jyothiba Phule				
	(C)	E.V.R. Periyar	(D) B.R. Ambedkar				
	(E)	Answer not known					

190.	How many castes are there in India?						
	(A)	more than 1000	(B)	more than 2000			
	(C)	more than 3000	(D)	more than 4000			
	(E)	Answer not known					
191.	Reing	carnation is the Hindu					
	(A)	belief that the individual is rel	oorn	in a different form			
٠	(B)	method of training that is su Brahman	ıppo	sed to lead to oneness with			
	(C)	must worship the leader as go	d				
	(D)	of a woman is superior					
	(E)	Answer not known					
192.	When	re it's found among customers p	oract	cice of Potlatch?			
	(A)	Native Americans of the North	ı We	est Coast			
	(B)	Native Americans of the East					
	(C)	Native Americans of South We	est				
	(D)	Native Americans of Mid West	t				
	(E)	Answer not known					
193.	Who	is a census commissioner in th	e yea	ar 1931?			
	(A)	V. Elwin	(B)	Verma			
	(C)	S.C. Dube	(D)	J.H. Hutton			
	(E)	Answer not known					

194.	The	colour has a ritual and not a ra	cial	significance. Who said this?
	(A)	Hutton	(B)	HO-Cart
	(C)	Verma	(D)	A.C. Mayer
	(E)	Answer not known		
195.	the r	approach to growth and human needs of the present without co rations to meet their own needs	mpi	<del>-</del>
	(A)	Human Development		
	(B)	Sustainable Development		
	(C)	Anthropology of Development		
	(D)	Applied Development		
	(E)	Answer not known		
	•	•	•	•
196.	The	73 <sup>rd</sup> Constitutional Amendment	Act	was related to :
	(A)	Mandal Commission	(B)	Panchayati Raj
	(C)	Mini-Constitution		Women's Reservation
	(E)	Answer not known		
197.	Plan	meant for the welfare and deve	elopi	ment of Tribals is
•	(A)	SCM	(B)	TSP
	(C)	SBM	(D)	PMAY
	(E)	Answer not known		
198.	Whe	re is the place of origin of the M	[api]	lla revolt?
	(A),	Nilgiris	(B)	Kodagu
	(0)	Malabar		Adilabad
	(E)	Answer not known		

48

312 – Anthropology

199.	SCs	and STs and oth	es the educational er weaker sections ial injustice and ex	of the society	
	(A)	Article 42		Article 43	
	(C)	Article 45	(P)	Article 46	

(E) Answer not known

200. Which of the following is not a tribal movement?

(A) Tebhaga Movement (B) Chuars Movement . (D) Kolis Movement Bhils Movement (C)

Answer not known (E)