### TAMILNADU PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

### **SYLLABUS**

## **CODE NO. 151**

### MEDICAL SPECIALITY SUBJECT

## GENERAL MEDICINE (P.G. DEGREE STANDARD)

### SECTION—1: CLINICAL

## 1. Internal Medicine

#### PART -1

### CARDINAL MANIFESTATIONS AND PRESENTATION OF DISEASES

Pain: Pathophysiology and Management

Chest Discomfort and Palpitations

Abdominal Pain

Headache

Back and Neck Pain

Alterations in Body Temperature

Fever and Hyperthermia

Fever and Rash

Fever of Unknown Origin

Hypothermia and Frostbite

Nervous System Dysfunction

Syncope, Faintness, Dizziness, and Vertigo

Weakness, Disorders of Movement, and Imbalance

Numbness, Tingling, and Sensory Loss

Aphasia, Memory Loss, and Other Focal Cerebral Disorders

Sleep Disorders

# Disorders of Eyes, Ears, Nose, and Throat

Disorders of the Eye

Disorders of Smell, Taste, and Hearing

Infections of the Upper Respiratory Tract

Oral Manifestations of Disease

# **Alterations in Circulatory and Respiratory Functions**

Dyspnea and Pulmonary Edema

Cough and Hemoptysis, Hypoxia and Cyanosis, edema

### **Alterations in Gastrointestinal Function**

Dysphagia
Nausea, Vomiting, and Indigestion
Diarrhea and Constipation
Weight Loss
Gastrointestinal Bleeding
Jaundice
Abdominal Swelling and Ascites

# **Alterations in Renal and Urinary Tract Function**

Azotemia and Urinary Abnormalities Fluid and Electrolyte Disturbances Acidosis and Alkalosis

# **Alterations in Sexual Function and Reproduction**

Sexual Dysfunction Hirsutism and Virilization Infertility and Fertility Control

### Alterations in the Skin

Approach to the Patient with a Skin Disorder Eczema, Psoriasis, Cutaneous Infections, Acne, and Other Common Skin Disorders Skin Manifestations of Internal Disease Immunologically Mediated Skin Diseases Cutaneous Drug Reactions Photosensitivity and Other Reactions to Light

## **Hematologic Alterations**

Anemia and Polycythemia Bleeding and Thrombosis Enlargement of Lymph Nodes and Spleen Disorders of Granulocytes and Monocytes

### PART ---2

# **GENETICS AND DISEASE**

Principles of Human Genetics Chromosome Disorders The Practice of Genetics in Clinical Medicine Stem Cell and Gene Transfer in Clinical Medicine

### **NUTRITION**

Nutritional Requirements and Dietary Assessment Vitamin and Trace Mineral Deficiency and Excess Malnutrition and Nutritional Assessment Enteral and Parenteral Nutrition Therapy Obesity Eating Disorders

## PART—3

### ONCOLOGY AND HEMATOLOGY

Neoplastic Disorders

Approach to the Patient with Cancer

Prevention and Early Detection of Cancer

**Cancer Genetics** 

Cancer Cell Biology and Angiogenesis

Principles of Cancer Treatment: Surgery, Chemotherapy, and Biologic Therapy

Principles of Radiation Therapy

Infections in Patients with Cancer

Cancer of the Skin

Head and Neck Cancer

Neoplasms of the Lung

**Breast Cancer** 

**Gastrointestinal Tract Cancer** 

Tumors of the Liver and Biliary Tract

Pancreatic Cancer

Bladder and Renal Cell Carcinomas

Hyperplastic and Malignant Diseases of the Prostate

**Testicular Cancer** 

Gynecologic Malignancies

Soft Tissue and Bone Sarcomas and Bone Metastases

Metastatic Cancer of Unknown Primary Site

Paraneoplastic Syndromes: Endocrinologic / Hematologic

Paraneoplastic Neurologic Syndromes

**Oncologic Emergencies** 

Late Consequences of Cancer and Its Treatment

# **Hematopoietic Disorders**

Iron Deficiency and Other Hypoproliferative Anemias

Hemoglobinopathies

Megaloblastic Anemias

Hemolytic Anemias and Acute Blood Loss

Aplastic Anemia, Myelodysplasia, and Related Bone Marrow Failure Syndromes Polycythemia Vera and Other Myeloproliferative Diseases Acute and Chronic Myeloid Leukemia Malignancies of Lymphoid Cells Plasma Cell Disorders Transfusion Biology and Therapy

#### **Disorders of Hemostasis**

Disorders of the Platelet and Vessel Wall Disorders of Coagulation and Thrombosis Antiplatelet, Anticoagulant, and Fibrinolytic Therapy

Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation

### PART—4

# INFECTIOUS DISEASES INCLUDING TROPICAL MEDICINE

Basic Considerations in Infectious Diseases Introduction to Infectious Diseases: Host-Pathogen Interactions Molecular Mechanisms of Microbial Pathogenesis Approach to the Acutely III Infected Febrile Patient Immunization Principles and Vaccine Use Health Advice for International Travel

# **Clinical Syndromes: Community-Acquired Infections**

Infective Endocarditis
Infections of the Skin, Muscle, and Soft Tissues
Osteomyelitis
Intraabdominal Infections and Abscesses
Acute Infectious Diarrheal Diseases and Bacterial Food Poisoning
Clostridium difficile-Associated Disease, Including Pseudomembranous Colitis
Sexually Transmitted Diseases: Overview and Clinical Approach

# **Clinical Syndromes: Nosocomial Infections**

Hospital-Acquired Infections Infections in Transplant Recipients

# **Approach to Therapy for Bacterial Diseases**

Treatment and Prophylaxis of Bacterial Infections

## Diseases Caused by Gram-Positive Bacteria

Pneumococcal Infections
Staphylococcal Infections
Streptococcal and Enterococcal Infections
Diphtheria and Other Corynebacterial Infections
Infections Caused by Listeria monocytogenes
Tetanus, Botulism, Gas Gangrene and Other Clostridial Infections

# Diseases Caused by Gram-Negative Bacteria

Meningococcal Infections

**Gonococcal Infections** 

Moraxella catarrhalis and Other Moraxella Species

**Haemophilus Infections** 

Infections Due to HACEK Group and Miscellaneous Gram-Negative Bacteria

Legionella Infection

Pertussis and Other Bordetella Infections

# Diseases Caused by Gram-Negative Enteric Bacilli

Helicobacter pylori Infections

Infections Due to Pseudomonas Species and Related Organisms

Salmonellosis

**Shigellosis** 

# Infections Due to Campylobacter and Related Species

Cholera and Other Vibrioses

Brucellosis

Tularemia

Plague and Other Yersinia Infections

Bartonella Infections, Including Cat-Scratch Disease

Donovanosis

## **Miscellaneous Bacterial Infections**

**Nocardiosis** 

Actinomycosis

## **Infections Due to Mixed Anaerobic Organisms**

Mycobacterial Diseases

Antimycobacterial Agents

**Tuberculosis** 

Leprosy (Hansen's Disease)

Nontuberculous Mycobacteria

Spirochetal Diseases

**Syphilis** 

**Endemic Treponematoses** 

Leptospirosis

Relapsing Fever

Lyme Borreliosis

# Diseases Caused by Rickettsia, Mycoplasma, and Chlamydia

Rickettsial Diseases

### **Infections Due to Mycoplasmas**

Chlamydial Infections

## **Viral Diseases: General Considerations**

Medical Virology

Antiviral Chemotherapy, Excluding Antiretroviral Drugs

Infections Due to DNA Viruses

Herpes Simplex Viruses

Varicella-Zoster Virus Infections

Epstein-Barr Virus Infections, Including Infectious Mononucleosis

Cytomegalovirus and Human Herpesvirus Types 6, 7, and 8

Molluscum Contagiosum and Other Poxviruses, Excluding Smallpox Virus

**Parvovirus** 

**Human Papillomavirus Infections** 

# Infections Due to DNA and RNA Respiratory Viruses

# Common Viral Respiratory Infections and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)

Influenza

# Infections Due to Human Immunodeficiency Virus and Other Human Retroviruses

The Human Retroviruses

Human Immunodeficiency Virus Disease: AIDS and Related Disorders

### **Infections Due to RNA Viruses**

Viral Gastroenteritis

Enteroviruses and Reoviruses

Measles (Rubeola)

Rubella (German Measles)

Mumps

Rabies Virus and Other Rhabdoviruses

## **Infections Caused by Arthropod- and Rodent-Borne Viruses**

Ebola and Marburg Viruses

# **Fungal and Algal Infections**

Diagnosis and Treatment of Fungal Infections

Histoplasmosis

Coccidioidomycosis

Blastomycosis

Cryptococcosis

Candidiasis and Pneumocystis Infection

Aspergillosis, Mucormycosis, Miscellaneous Mycoses and Algal Infections

# **Protozoal and Helminthic Infections: General Considerations**

Laboratory Diagnosis of Parasitic Infections

Agents Used to Treat Infections Due to Parasites and Pneumocystis

**Protozoal Infections** 

Amebiasis and Infection with Free-Living Amebas

Malaria and Babesiosis: Diseases Caused by Red Blood Cell Parasites

Leishmaniasis

Trypanosomiasis

Toxoplasma Infection

Protozoal Intestinal Infections and Trichomoniasis

**Helminthic Infections** 

Trichinella and Other Tissue Nematodes

**Intestinal Nematodes** 

Filarial and Related Infections

Schistosomiasis and Other Trematode Infections, Cestodes

### PART—5

### DISORDERS OF THE CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Diagnosis of Cardiovascular Disorders

Approach to the Patient with Cardiovascular Disease

Physical Examination of the Cardiovascular System

Electrocardiography

Noninvasive Cardiac Imaging: Echocardiography, Nuclear Cardiology,

and MRI/CT Imaging

Diagnostic Cardiac Catheterization and Angiography

# **Disorders of Rhythm**

The Bradyarrhythmias: Disorders of Sinus Node Function and AV Conduction The Tachyarrhythmias

#### Disorders of the Heart

Normal and Abnormal Myocardial Function

Heart Failure and Cor Pulmonale

Cardiac Transplantation and Prolonged Assisted Circulation

Congenital Heart Disease in the Adult

Valvular Heart Disease

**Pulmonary Hypertension** 

Cardiomyopathy and Myocarditis

Pericardial Disease

Cardiac Tumors, Cardiac Manifestations of Systemic Diseases,

and Traumatic Cardiac Injury

Vascular Disease

The Pathogenesis of Atherosclerosis

Prevention and Treatment of Atherosclerosis

Ischemic Heart Disease

Unstable Angina and Non-ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction

ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction

Percutaneous Coronary Revascularization

Hypertensive Vascular Disease

Diseases of the Aorta

Vascular Diseases of the Extremities

### DISORDERS OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Diagnosis of Respiratory Disorders

Approach to the Patient with Disease of the Respiratory System

Disturbances of Respiratory Function

Diagnostic Procedures in Respiratory Disease

# Diseases of the Respiratory System

Asthma

Hypersensitivity Pneumonitis and Pulmonary Infiltrates with Eosinophilia

Environmental Lung Diseases

Pneumonia

Bronchiectasis

Cystic Fibrosis

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

**Interstitial Lung Diseases** 

Pulmonary Thromboembolism

Disorders of the Pleura, Mediastinum, Diaphragm, and Chest Wall

Disorders of Ventilation

Sleep Apnea

Lung Transplantation

# DISORDERS OF THE KIDNEY AND URINARY TRACT

Adaptation to Renal Injury

Acute Renal Failure

Chronic Renal Failure

Dialysis in the Treatment of Renal Failure

Transplantation in the Treatment of Renal Failure

Glomerular Diseases

**Tubular Disorders** 

Tubulointerstitial Diseases of the Kidney

Vascular Injury to the Kidney, Urinary Tract Obstruction

Nephrolithiasis, Urinary Tract Infections and Pyelonephritis

### DISORDERS OF THE GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM

Disorders of the Alimentary Tract

Approach to the Patient with Gastrointestinal Disease

Gastrointestinal Endoscopy

Diseases of the Esophagus

Peptic Ulcer Disease and Related Disorders

Disorders of Absorption

**Inflammatory Bowel Disease** 

Irritable Bowel Syndrome

Familial Mediterranean Fever and Other Hereditary Recurrent Fevers

Common Diseases of the Colon and Anorectum and Mesenteric Vascular Insufficiency

**Acute Intestinal Obstruction** 

Acute Appendicitis and Peritonitis

Liver and Biliary Tract Disease

Approach to the Patient with Liver Disease

**Evaluation of Liver Function** 

The Hyperbilirubinemias

Acute Viral Hepatitis

Toxic and Drug-Induced Hepatitis

Chronic Hepatitis

Alcoholic Liver Disease

Cirrhosis and Its Complications

Infiltrative, Genetic, and Metabolic Diseases Affecting the Liver

Liver Transplantation

Diseases of the Gallbladder and Bile Ducts

Disorders of the Pancreas

Approach to the Patient with Pancreatic Disease

Acute and Chronic Pancreatitis

## **NEUROLOGIC DISORDERS**

Diagnosis of Neurologic Disorders

Neurobiology of Disease

Approach to the Patient with Neurologic Disease

Neuroimaging in Neurologic Disorders

Diseases of the Central Nervous System

Seizures and Epilepsy

Cerebrovascular Diseases.

Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementias

Parkinson's Disease and Other Movement Disorders

**Ataxic Disorders** 

Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis and Other Motor Neuron Diseases

Disorders of the Autonomic Nervous System

Trigeminal Neuralgia, Bell's Palsy, and Other Cranial Nerve Disorders

Diseases of the Spinal Cord

Concussion and Other Head Injuries

Primary and Metastatic Tumors of the Nervous System

Multiple Sclerosis and Other Demyelinating Diseases

Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain Abscess, and Empyema

Chronic and Recurrent Meningitis

**Prion Diseases** 

Nerve and Muscle Disorders

Approach to the Patient with Peripheral Neuropathy

Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease and Other Inherited Neuropathies

Guillain-Barre Syndrome and Other Immune-Mediated Neuropathies

Myasthenia Gravis and Other Diseases of the Neuromuscular Junction

Approach to the Patient with Muscle Disease

Muscular Dystrophies and Other Muscle Diseases

Polymyositis, Dermatomyositis, and Inclusion Body Myositis

Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Psychiatric Disorders

Mental Disorders

Alcoholism and Drug Dependency

Alcohol and Alcoholism.

Opioid Drug Abuse and Dependence

Cocaine and Other Commonly Abused Drugs

Nicotine Addiction

### PART—6

### ENDOCRINOLOGY AND METABOLISM

Endocrinology

Principles of Endocrinology

Disorders of the Anterior Pituitary and Hypothalamus

Disorders of the Neurohypophysis

Diseases of the Thyroid Gland

Disorders of the Adrenal Cortex

Pheochromocytoma

Diabetes Mellitus

Hypoglycemia

Disorders of the Testes and Male Reproductive System

Disorders of the Ovary and Female Reproductive Tract

The Menopause Transition and Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy

Disorders of Sexual Differentiation

Endocrine Tumors of the Gastrointestinal Tract and Pancreas

Disorders Affecting Multiple Endocrine Systems

Disorders of Bone and Mineral Metabolism

Bone and Mineral Metabolism in Health and Disease

Diseases of the Parathyroid Gland and Other Hyper- and Hypocalcemic Disorders

Osteoporosis

Paget Disease and Other Dysplasias of Bone

Disorders of Intermediary Metabolism

Disorders of Lipoprotein Metabolism

Hemochromatosis

The Porphyrias

Disorders of Purine and Pyrimidine Metabolism

Wilson Disease

Lysosomal Storage Diseases

Glycogen Storage Diseases and Other Inherited Disorders of Carbohydrate Metabolism

Inherited Disorders of Connective Tissue

Inherited Disorders of Amino Acid Metabolism Presenting in Adults

Inherited Defects of Membrane Transport

# DISORDERS OF THE IMMUNE SYSTEM, CONNECTIVE TISSUE, AND JOINTS

The Immune System in Health and Disease

Introduction to the Immune System

The Major Histocompatibility Gene Complex

Primary Immune Deficiency Diseases

Disorders of Immune-Mediated Injury

Allergies, Anaphylaxis, and Systemic Mastocytosis

Autoimmunity and Autoimmune Diseases

Systemic Lupus Erythematosus

Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatic Fever.

Systemic Sclerosis (Scleroderma) and Related Disorders

Sjogren's Syndrome

The Spondyloarthritides

The Vasculitis Syndromes

Behcet's Syndrome

Relapsing Polychondritis

Sarcoidosis

**Amyloidosis** 

Disorders of the Joints and Adjacent Tissues

Approach to Articular and Musculoskeletal Disorders

Osteoarthritis

Gout and Other Crystal Arthropathies

Infectious Arthritis

Fibromyalgia, Arthritis Associated with Systemic Diseases, and Other Arthritides

Periarticular Disorders of the Extremities

### PART--8

### **CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE**

Respiratory Critical Care

Principles of Critical Care Medicine

Respiratory Failure

Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome

Mechanical Ventilatory Support

Shock and Cardiac Arrest

Approach to the Patient with Shock

Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock

Cardiogenic Shock and Pulmonary Edema

Cardiovascular Collapse, Cardiac Arrest, and Sudden Cardiac Death

Neurologic Critical Care

Acute Confusional States and Coma, Critical Care Neurology

### PART—9

# TOXICOLOGY-- POISONING, DRUG OVERDOSE, AND ENVENOMATION

**Heavy Metal Poisoning** 

Poisoning and Drug Overdosage

Disorders Caused by Reptile Bites and Marine Animal Exposures

Ectoparasite Infestations and Arthropod Bites and Stings

# BIOTERRORISM AND CLINICAL MEDICINE

Microbial Bioterrorism

Chemical Bioterrorism

Radiation Bioterrorism

#### PART—10

### **MISCELLANEOUS**

- 1. NUCLEAR MEDICINE INCLUDING IMAGING TECHNIQUES
- 2. GERIATRIC MEDICINE
- 3. COMMUNITY MEDICINE
- 4. SPACE MEDICINE INCLUDING HIGH ALTITUDE
- 5. INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE
- 6. CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY INCLUDING DRUG INTERACTIONS
- 7. PSYCHIATRY
- 8. ENVIRONMENTAL AND OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS
- 9. SPORTS MEDICINE
- 10. ANAESTHESIA IN MEDICINE
- 11. MEDICAL DISORDERS DURING PREGNANCY
- 12. SEXUAL MEDICINE
- 13. COMPLEMENTARY AND ALTERNATIVE MEDICINE
- 14. COMPUTERS IN MEDICINE
- 15. PALLIATIVE AND END OF LIFE CARE
- 16. PAEDIATRIC MEDICINE
- 17. HISTORY OF MEDICINE

## SECTION—2 APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES

### 1. ANATOMY INCLUDING HISTOLOGY

- 1. Embryology- a) Development of heart and great vessels, foetal circulation
  - b) Development of brain and spinal cord
- 2. Anatomy of brain and spinal cord with their blood supply and venous drainage
- 3. a) Central nervous system
  - b) Autonomic nervous system
- 4. Nervous control of bladder and rectum
- 5. Anatomy including histopathology of all endocrine glands
- 6. Anatomy of liver, pancreas and portal circulation
- 7. Anatomy including histopathology of kidneys
- 8. Anatomy including histopathology of spleen
- 9. Anatomy of broncho-pulmonary segments, pleura and mediastinum.
- 10. Surface Anatomy of head and neck, thorax and abdomen

### 2. PHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING BIOCHEMISTRY

- 1. Liver: Laboratory tests of liver function
- 2. Kidney: Laboratory tests of kidney function
- 3. Exocrine and endocrine function of pancreas.
- 4. Hormones: a) pituitary, adrenal, thyroid, parathyroid
  - b)Chemistry of steroids, various tests to study function of endocrine glands
- 5. Pulmonary function tests
- 6. The mechanism of deglutition.
- 7. Digestion: Gastric and intestinal secretion and their hormones- mechanism of absorption of fat, proteins and carbohydrates.
- 8. Heart : a)Basic principles of conduction system and electrocardiogram, Circulation, measurement of cardiac output ,factors controlling arterial blood pressure
  - b)Mechanism of cardiac failure and symptoms of shock
- 9. Blood, plasma proteins- coagulation of blood, haematopoeises, blood groupings
- 10. Iron metabolism
- 11. Physiology of micturition and defecation
- 12. Fluid and electrolyte balance
- 13. Calcium and phosphorus metabolism
- 14. carbohydrate metabolism
- 15. Fat metabolism and disorders
- 16. Protein metabolism and electrophoresis
- 17. Inborn errors of metabolism
- 18. porphyrins and porphyrias
- 19. Jaundice- types and diagnosis
- 20. Metabolism of haemoglobin and circulation of bile pigments
- 21 Immunoglobulins and the mechanism of immunity
- 22. Physiology of consciousness
- 23. Physiology of sleep and disorders of sleep
- 24 Temperature regulation
- 25. Physiology of hunger and its disorders

## 3. PATHOLOGY INCLUDING MICROBIOLOGY

- 1. Central nervous system: brain and spinal cord meningitis and encephalitisabscess,tumours,syphilis of nervous system, nutritional and metabolic disorders, epilepsy and vascular disorders
- 2. Heart: Rheumatic fever and carditis, coronary artery disease, hypertension, atherosclerosis, cardiomyopathy, pericarditis, specific and non specific arteritis, congenital heart diseases
- 3. kidneys: Nephritis, nephrosis,renal changes in metabolic and collagen diseases, acute and chronic renal failure

- 4. Lungs: Pulmonary tuberculosis ,atypical mycobacteria, tumors of lung, chr. suppurative lung diseases, COPD
- 5. Liver: Portal hypertension, cirrhosis of liver, tumors of liver, acute and chronic hepatitis
- 6. Bone: Disorders of mineral and bone matrix
- 7. Endocrine glands: Myxoedema and thyrotoxicosis, hyper and hypoparathyroidism pituitary, adrenal cortex and medulla
- 8. Diabetes Mellitus and its complication Pathological changes in viscera
- 9. Gastro intestinal disorders: Peptic ulcer, malabsorption syndrome, ulcerative colitis, amoebiasis (intestinal and extra -intestinal)
- 10. Lymphomas, leukemias blood dyscrasiasis, and bleeding disorders

#### 4. PHARMACOLOGY

- 1. Chemotherapy- antibiotics and antimicrobials
- **2.** Antimalarial drugs
- 3. Anti amoebic drugs
- 4. Antihelminthic drugs
- 5. Analgesics
- **6.** Sedatives
- 7. Tranquillizers
- 8. Antiviral agents
- 9. Drugs acting on autonomic nervous system
- **10.** Hormones
- 11. Insulin and oral hypoglycemic agents
- **12.** Antihypertensive agents
- **13.** Drugs for epilepsy
- 14. Diuretics
- **15.** Bronchodilators
- **16.** Cardiac glycosides
- **17.** Antiarrythmic drugs
- 18. Coagulants and anticoagulants
- 19. Histamine and antihistamine
- 20. Alcohol
- 21. Vaccines and immune sera
- 22. Drug abuse and drug addiction
- 23. Drugs for rheumatoid arthritis
- **24.** Cancer chemotherapy

### **REFERRENCES**

## **TEXTBOOKS**

- 1. HARRISON'S PRINCIPLE OF INTERNAL MEDICINE VOLUME 1 & 2
- 2. CECIL'S TEXTBOOK OF MEDICINE, VOLUME 1 & 2
- 3. OXFORD TEXTBOOK OF MEDICINE, VOL 1, 2 & 3

- 4. DAVIDSON'S PRINCIPLE AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE
- 5. A.P.I TEXTBOOK OF MEDICINE
- 6. TEXTBOOK BY K.V. KRISHNADAS
- 7. BRAIN'S DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM- WALTON
- 8. CROFTON AND DOUGLAS'S RESPIRATORY MEDICINE
- 9. HEART DISEASES- EUGENE BRAUNWALD
- 10. THE HEART- HURST
- 11. DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY 1). H. E DEWARDENER 2). BRENNER AND RECTOR
- 12. CLINICAL HAEMATOLOGY 1). DE GRUCHY 2). MAXWELL .M. WINTROBE
- 13. DISEASES OF LIVER AND BILIARY SYSTEM- SHEILA SHERLOCK
- 14. PRINCIPLES OF NEUROLOGY -1) RAYMOND ADAMS 2) MAURICE VICTOR

### TEXTBOOKS OF CLINICAL EXAMINATION

- 1.HUTCHISON'S CLINICAL METHODS- 1). MICHAEL SWASH .STAURT MASONs
- 2.CLINCAL EXAMINATION JOHN MACLEOD
- 3. PHYSICAL DIAGNOSIS VAKIL & GOLWALIA
- 4..SIGNS & SYMPTOMS IN MEDICINE- CHAMBERLAIN
- 5. NEUROLOGICAL DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS BY JOHN PATTEN
- 6. CLINICAL SKILLS IAN BOUCHER AND JOHN MORRIS
- 7. CLINICAL NEUROLOGY DE JONG
- 8. NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION BICKERSTAFF
- 9. NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION -MAYO CLINC
- 10. BING'S LOCAL DIAGNOSIS IN NEUROLOGICAL DISEASES
- 11.LOCALISATION IN CLINICAL NEUROLOGY- PAUL .W . BRAZIZ JOSEPH MASDEV
- 13. WASHINGTON'S MANUAL OF MEDICAL THERAPEUTICS
- 14 .CURRENT MEDICAL DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT

### **JOURNALS**

- 1. APPLIED MEDICINE
- 2. THE LANCET
- 3. BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL
- 4. BRITISH JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PRACTICE
- 5. MAYO CLINCAL PROCEEDINGS
- 6. THE POSTGRADUATE MEDICINE
- 7. THE ANNALS OF INTERNAL MEDICINE
- 8. THE MEDICAL CLINICS OF NORTH AMERICA
- **9.** THE TROPICAL MEDICINE
- **10.** THE MEDICINE
- 11. JOURNAL OF ASSOCIATION OF PHYSICIANS OF INDIA
- 12. INDIAN JOURNAL OF CLINCAL PRACTICE
- 13. NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL OF MEDICINE