COMBINED TECHNICAL SERVICES EXAMINATION (NON-INTERVIEW POST) COMPUTER BASED TEST

DATE OF EXAM: 07.08.2025 AN

PAPER - II - COMPUTER SCIENCE, COMPUTER APPLICATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(PG DEGREE STANDARD) (CODE: 556)

1.	The	primary purpose of templates in C++ is					
	(A)	To enable dynamic polymorphism at run time					
,	(B)	To allow code reuse for different data types					
	(C)	To define abstract classes					
	(D)	To handle exceptions					
	(E)	Answer not known					
2.	*****	header file provides simultaneous input and outpu					
	oper	rations.					
	(A)	<filebuf> (B) <fstream></fstream></filebuf>					
	(C)	<fstreambase> (D) <ofstream></ofstream></fstreambase>					
	(E)	Answer not known					
3.	How many types of exceptions are available in C++?						
	(A)	1 (B) 2					
	(C)	3 (D) 4					
	(E)	Answer not known					
4.	Whi	ch container in C++ STL does not allow duplicate elements?					
	(A)	Vector (B) List					
•	(C)	Set (D) Map					
	(E)	Answer not known					

(A) Size of (C) Delete (C) Delete (D) Malloc (E) Answer not known 6. Which of the following permits function overloading on C++? (A) Type (B) Number of arguments (C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register								
(C) Delete (E) Answer not known 6. Which of the following permits function overloading on C++? (A) Type (B) Number of arguments (C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register	5.	Whi	Which operator is used to allocate memory dynamically at run time?					
(E) Answer not known 6. Which of the following permits function overloading on C++? (A) Type (B) Number of arguments (C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(A)	Size of	(B)	Create			
6. Which of the following permits function overloading on C++? (A) Type (B) Number of arguments (C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(C)	Delete	(D)	Malloc			
(A) Type (B) Number of arguments (C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(E)	Answer not known					
(B) Number of arguments (C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register	6.	Whi	ch of the following permits f	unction	overloading on C++?			
(C) Type and number of arguments (D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(A)	Type					
(D) Number of objects (E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(B)	Number of arguments					
(E) Answer not known 7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register	~	(C)	Type and number of argum	nents				
7. Which of the following string function removes character specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(D)	Number of objects					
specified? (A) erase() (B) empty() (C) remove() (D) delete() (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(E)	Answer not known					
(C) remove () (D) delete () (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register	7.			g functi	on removes characters as			
(C) remove () (D) delete () (E) Answer not known 8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(A)	erase()	(B)	empty()			
8. What is the default storage class of any type of variable in C++? (A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(C)	remove()					
(A) Static (B) Extern (C) Automatic (D) Register		(E)	Answer not known					
(D) Register	8.	Wha	t is the default storage class	of any	type of variable in C++?			
(D) Register		(A)	Static	(B)	Extern			
2007-01		(C)	Automatic	2 3				
(E) Answer not known		(E)	Answer not known	~ /				

9.	Which of the following is not a storage class specifier in C++?					
	(A)	Automatic	(B)	Register		
	(C)	Static	/ (D)	Dynamic		
	(E)	Answer not known				
		*				
10.	Witl	n objects we can access the pub	olic m	embers of a class using a		
	(A)	Dot operator	(B)	Arrow operator		
	(C)	Conditional operator	(D)	Relational operator		
	(E)	Answer not known				
11.	Which of the following is not suitable for overloading all the C++ operators?					
	(A)	Operations on strings				
	(B)	Operating using friends				
	(C)	Unary minus (-)				
~	(D)	Scope resolution operator (::)				
	(E)	Answer not known				
12.	Wha	at happens when a file is opene	d usi	ng "a+" mode?		
	(A)	Writing is done from the beginning of the file				
	(B)	File content is deleted before	writ	ing		
V	(C)	Reading is allowed; writing a	lway	s occurs at the end		
	(D)	File is opened only for readin	g			

(E)

Answer not known

- The purpose of #define directive in "C programming" is 13. (A) To include a header file (B) To define a constant or a macro To define a function (C) To allocate memory dynamically (D) (E) Answer not known What will be the output of this code? 14. # include <stdio.h> # define MAX 100 int main () { # ifdef MAX printf ("MAX is defined\n"); #else printf ("MAX is not defined\n"); # endif return 0; }
 - (A) MAX is not defined
- (B) Compilation error

(C) MAX is defined

- (D) MAX = 100
- (E) Answer not known

15. Which of the following statements correctly increments a point to the next elements in an array?						
	(A)	++P	(B) P++			
\	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D) P+1			
	(E)	Answer not known				
16.	Poir	iters in 'C' programming is				
	(A)	A keyword used to declare va	riables			
~	(B)	A variable that stores memor	y address of another variable			
	(C)	A user defined function				
	(D)	A built-in function				
	(E)	Answer not known				
17.	The	size of a union is determined b	y the size of the			
	(A)	Lowest member in the union				
(B) Biggest member in the union						
	(C)	First member in the union				
	(D)	Last member in the union				
	(E)	Answer not known				
18.	Defi	nition of function in 'C' program	nming should contain			
~	(A)	Function name, return type a	nd parameters (if any)			
	(B)	Only the function name and b	oody			
	(C)	Only the return type and para	ameters			
(D) Only the function name and parameters			parameters			

(E)

Answer not known

19.	How	is a union different from a str	ructu	re in 'C' programming?	
	(A)	Structure stores one value at	a tir	me; union stores all	
	(B)	Both store all members at on	ce		
~	(C)	Union stores only one men stores all	nber	value at a time; structur	е
	(D)	No difference			
	(E)	Answer not known			
20.		en the compiler assigns a char atomatically supplies a ———————————————————————————————————			7,
	(A)	\\	(B)	\ n	
~	(C)	\0	(D))	
	(E)	Answer not known			
21.	The	syntax for an infinite for loop i	is		
	(A)	for ()	(B)	for (;;)	
	(C)	for (condition)		for (; condition ;)	
	(E)	Answer not known			
22.	Choo	ose the correct datatype	to	store the value 'A' is	n
	'C' p	rogramming	700		
	(A)	int	(B)	char	
	(C)	float	(D)	double	
	(E)	Answer not known			

23.	Wha	t is the size of a char datatype	in 'C	programming?
V	(A)	1 byte	(B)	2 bytes
	(C)	4 bytes	(D)	8 bytes
	(E)	Answer not known		
24.		is a sequenced	coll	ection of related data items
	that	share a common name.		
	(A)	List	(B)	Array
	(C)	Relation	(D)	Variable group
	(E)	Answer not known		
25.	An a	rray is also known as		
V	(A)	Subscripted variable	(B)	Collective array
	(C)	Ordinary variable	(D)	Similar Quantities variable
	(E)	Answer not known		
	4			
26.	Whic	ch component is responsible for	coor	dinating the activities of the
	syste	m and executing instructions i	nao	computer?
V	(A)	Control unit	(B)	Arithmetic and Logic unit
	(C)	Memory unit	(D)	Mother Board
	(E)	Answer not known	(2) II (1)	

27.		eked fields.	f electronically extracting data from					
	(A)	Bar code Reader						
	(B)	Optical character Recogni	tion					
_	(C)	Optical mark Recognition						
	(D)	Magnetic Ink character Re	eader					
	(E)	Answer not known						
28.		first alphabet of LAN, WA	AN and MAN in computer networks					
	(A)	Local, Wireless and Metro	politan					
	(B)	Local, World and Middle						
~	(C)	Local, Wide and Metropoli	itan					
	(D)	D) Local, Wireless and Maximum						
	(E)	Answer not known						
29.	Which of the following software is more suitable for word processing?							
	(A)	Microsoft Excel	(B) Google chrome					
,	(C)	Microsoft word	(D) Adobe Photoshop					
	(E)	Answer not known						
30.	-	———— is the abbreviati	on of "QAT" in Microsoft word.					
,	(A)	Quick Access Toolbar	(B) Quick Action Tool					
	(C)	Quick Access Tool	(D) Quality Assurance Testing					
	(E)	Answer not known						

31.	Which of the following are arithmetic operators in python?						
	(i)	/					
	(ii)	//					
	(iii)	%					
	(iv)	! =					
	(A)	(iii), (iv)	(B) (i), (ii), (iii)				
	(C)	(ii), (iii)	(D) (i), (ii)				
(i)	(E)	Answer not known					
32.	How	to pair a variable leng	th arguments to a function in python?				
	(A)	using ** args	(B) using * args				
	(C)	using * kwargs	(D) using ** kwargs				
	(E)	Answer not known					
33.	Tup	les are used to format					
	(A)	Arrays	(B) Variables				
_	(C)	Strings	(D) Constants				
	(E)	Answer not known					
34.		———— operation re	turns true if all elements of the list are				
		true.					
	(A)	any	(B) all				
	(C)	list	(D) len				
	(E)	Answer not known					

35.		specifies a variable - length argument in python.						
	(A)	+ (B) *						
	(C)	% (D) /						
	(E)	Answer not known						
36.	Iden to fil	tify the right representation of writing "python programming" e.						
	(A)	write (file, "python programming")						
~	(B)	file. write ("python programming")						
	(C)	write ("python programming", file)						
	(D)	write. file ("python programming", file)						
	(E)	Answer not known						
37.		tify which one of the statement is valid in Python ramming.						
	(a)	Reassigning variables as many times as required is allowed						
	(b)	Python variables do not have specific datatypes						
	(c)	Identifiers are not case sensitive						
	(d)	\$ is allowed in naming the Python variable						
v	(A)	(a) and (b) (B) (c) and (d)						
	(C)	(a) and (c) (D) (b) and (c)						

(E) Answer not known

38.	Pyth	on is a purely						
	(A)	(A) Script Oriented Language						
	(B)	B) Structural Oriented Language						
	(C)	Procedure Oriented Language						
~	(D)	Object Oriented Language						
	(E)	Answer not known						
39.		ember of arguments in function natch, then which type of error	definition and function call does is returned?					
	(A)	Name Error	(B) Import Error					
V	(C)	Type Error	(D) Number Error					
	(E)	Answer not known						
40.	Wha	t happens if a file opened in 'w'	mode does not exist?					
_	(A)	File will be created	(B) Error will be generated					
	(C)	File contents are deleted	(D) Nothing will happen					
	(E)	Answer not known						
41.	If th	e time between arrivals is exp	onential with mean $\frac{1}{\lambda}$, then the					
	number of arrivals during a specific period t is:							
	(A)	Exponential with parameter	2					
	(B)	Exponential with parameter	at					
	(C)	Poisson with mean $\frac{1}{\lambda t}$						
V	(D)	Poisson with mean λt						
	(E)	Answer not known						

42. State of a Markov Chain is said to be persistent if

(A) $F_{ii} = 0$

(B) $F_{ii} > 0$

(C) $F_{ii} = 1$

(D) $F_{ij} < 1$

(E) Answer not known

43. The marginal probability density function of X from a joint density $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ is obtained by

14

- (A) Integrating $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ with respect to y
 - (B) Differentiating $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ with respect to y
 - (C) Integrating $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ with respect to x
 - (D) Multiplying $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ by y
 - (E) Answer not known

44. The MGF of geometric distribution with parameter P is:

(A) $\left(q + Pe^t\right)^n$

(B) $e^{P(e^t-1)}$

 $\checkmark (C) P(1-qe^t)^{-1}$

- (D) $P(1+qe^t)$
- (E) Answer not known

45. If X_1 and X_2 are two independent random variables from Binomial $\left(3,\frac{1}{3}\right)$, MGF of X_1+X_2 is:

(A)
$$\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{e^t}{3}\right)^9$$

(B)
$$\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2e^t}{3}\right)^9$$

$$\checkmark (C) \quad \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{e^t}{3}\right)^6$$

(D)
$$\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{e^t}{3}\right)^3$$

- (E) Answer not known
- 46. What is an Artificial Neural Network (ANN)?
 - (A) A computational model inspired by the human brain
 - (B) A machine learning algorithm used for image processing
 - (C) A statistical analysis technique for data clustering
 - (D) A programming language for Neural Network implementation
 - (E) Answer not known
- 47. What is the purpose of the back propagation algorithm in ANN training?
 - (A) To update the weights and biases based on the prediction error
 - (B) To initialize the weights and biases of the network
 - (C) To determine the number of hidden layers and neurons
 - (D) To determine the number of input layers and neurons
 - (E) Answer not known

- 48. $f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$ is the most commonly used activation function in back propagation MLP. Identify the function name
 - (A) ADALINE function
 - (B) Identify function
 - (C) Logistic function
 - (D) Hyperbolic tangent function
 - (E) Answer not known
- 49. Given the Numpy array x_2 .

 x_2 = np. array ([[12, 5, 2, 4] [7, 6, 8, 8] [1, 6, 7, 7]])

What is the output of the slicing operation $x_2[:3, ::2]$?

- (A) [[12, 5], [7, 6] [1, 6]]
- (B) [[12, 2], [7, 8], [1, 7]]
 - (C) [[12, 2, 4], [7, 8, 8], [1, 7, 7]]
 - (D) [[5, 4], [6, 8], [6,7]]
 - (E) Answer not known
- 50. The z-score of a feature (f) with mean (μf) and standard deviation (σf) is calculated to standardize the data. Which of the following formula represent the transformation to compute the z-score of a value x in f?
 - (A) $z = x + \mu f / \sigma f$
- (B) $z = x \mu f / \sigma f$
- (C) $z = x \sigma f / \mu f$

- (D) $z = \sigma f / x \mu f$
- (E) Answer not known

51.	What does the mean represent in a data set?							
	(A)	Middle value						
	(B)	Most frequent value						
	(C)	Difference between the highest and lowest values						
~	(D)	Average of all values						
	(E)	Answer not known						
52.	Cho	ose from the following step that	is n	not in data wrangling				
~	(A)	Data Mining	(B)	Data filtration				
	(C)	Data reduction	(D)	Data Merging				
	(E)	Answer not known						
53.	Choose from the following which is NOT a type of plot available in seaborn?							
_	(A)	Tree plot	(B)	Scatter plot				
	(C)	Violin plot	(D)	Box plot				
	(E)	Answer not known						
54.	The	line that linearly separates and	d cla	ssifies a set of data in SVM				
	(Λ)	Hyper plane	(B)	Soft margin				
	(C)	Linear margin	(D)	Support vectors				
	(E)	Λ nswer not known						

55.		want to test the hypothesis that "Gabe's algorithm is better mine". What is the appropriate null hypothesis in this context?
	(A)	Gabe's algorithm is significantly better than mine
	(B)	Gabe's algorithm is always worse than mine
V	(C)	Gabe's algorithm is no better than mine
	(D)	Both algorithms are equally bad

- (E) Answer not known
- 56. Which attribute selection measure is used in ID₃ Decision Tree Algorithm?
 - (A) Information Gain
 (B) Gain Ratio
 (C) Gini Index
 (D) Tree Pruning
 - (E) Answer not known
- 57. The Elbow method in clustering is used to ————
 - (A) Measure the distance between clusters and merge them(B) Determine the optimal number of clusters (K) by evaluating
 - within cluster homogeneity or heterogeneity
 - (C) Normalize the dataset before clustering
 - (D) Assign data points to the nearest cluster center
 - (E) Answer not known

- 58. Which type of regularization does Ridge Regression use, and how does it apply the penalty?
 - (A) L₁ regularization; adds the absolute value of the coefficient
 - (B) L₂ regularization; adds the square of the magnitude of coefficients
 - (C) L₁ regularization; adds the logarithm of the coefficient
 - (D) L₂ regularization; adds the absolute value of the coefficients
 - (E) Answer not known
- 59. What is the key principle behind Bayesian Learning Methods?
 - (A) Choosing the hypothesis that minimizes the error on training data only
 - (B) Assigning equal probabilities to all hypothesis
 - (C) Consider the probability of a hypothesis based on prior knowledge and observed data
 - (D) Ignoring prior probabilities in favor of data-driven learning only
 - (E) Answer not known
- 60. Which type of intelligent agent has the key feature of condition-action rule?
 - (A) Simple reflex agents
- (B) Model-based reflex agents
- (C) Goal-based agents
- (D) Utility-based agents
- (E) Answer not known

61.	Whi	ch language has the facts with degree of truth $t[0,1]$?							
	(A)	Binary Language (B) Prepositional Logic							
	(C)	First order Logic (D) Fuzzy Logic							
	(E)	Answer not known							
62.		ong the following, which algorithm is known to be a standard rithm for supervised Learning							
	(A)	Principal Component Analysis (PCA)							
	(B)	Q-learning							
~	(C)	Support Vector Machine (SVM)							
	(D)	Self – Organizing Map (SOM)							
	(E)	Answer not known							
63.	Uniform – cost search method is also called as								
	(A)	Breadth – first search algorithm							
~	(B)	Dijkstra's algorithm							
	(C)	Backtracking algorithm							
	(D)	Iterative deepening search algorithm							
	(E)	Answer not known							
64.	Nan	ne the uninformed search algorithm from the following							
	(A)	Λ^* search							

(E) Answer not known

(B)

(C)

(D)

Hill - Climbing

Depth - First search

Greedy-Best-First-Search

65.	The	acronym <u>LASSO</u> in regression	ana.	lysis stands	for						
~	(A)	Least Absolute Shrinkage Sel	ecto	r Operator							
	(B)	Linear Approximation by Optimization		Shrinkage	and	Selection					
	(C)	Least Average Sum of Square	s Op	perator							
	(D)	Linear Adaptive Subset Select	tion	Operator							
	(E)	Answer not known									
66.	Whe	en cache size increases, hit ratio	?								
	(A)	Decreases	(B)	Increases							
	(C)	Remains constant	(D)	Remains u	npredi	ctable					
	(E)	Answer not known									
67.	Which paging algorithm tends to minimize the number of page faults?										
	(A)	FIFO-First In First Out	(B)	LRU-Leas	t Recen	tly Used					
	(C)	NRU-Not Recently Used	(D)	MRU-Mos	t Recen	tly Used					
	(E)	Answer not known									
68.		quickly maps virtual p	oage	numbers o	nto phy	ysical page					
	fran	ne numbers.									
	(A)	Translation lookaside buffer	(B)	Address sp	oace ide	entifier					
	(C)	Cache buffer	(D)	Page refer	ence in	dicator					
	(E)	Answer not known									

69.	Wh	ich of	the fo	llowing	g men	nory takes less accessing time?		
	(A)	Ma	in mer	nory		(B) Cache memory		
	(C)	Opt	tical di	sk		(D) Magnetic disk		
	(E)	Ans	swer n	ot knov	wn			
70.	Ma	tch th	ie func	tionali	ties o	f the CPU units :		
	(a)	Inpu	ıt unit		1.	Retrieves data from the CPU		
	(b)	Outp	out uni	it	2.	Stores the data that are immediately processed	to	be
	(c)	Men	nory ur	nit	3.	Directs the other units		
	(d)	Cont	rol un	it	4.	Feeds data into the CPU		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
_	(A)	4	1	2	3			
	(B)	2	3	4	1			
	(C)	1	4	2	3			
	(D)	4	3	2	1			
	(E)	Ans	wer no	ot know	vn			
71.	Arr	ange	the da	ta prep	roces	sing techniques in order		
	(i)	Dat	ta clea:	ning				
	(ii)	Dat	ta tran	sforma	ation			
	(iii)	Dat	ta redu	iction				
	(iv)	Dat	ta inte	gration	1			
	(A)	(i),	(ii), (iii	i), (iv)		(B) (i), (iv), (ii), (iii)		
	(C)	(i),	(ii), (iv), (iii)		(D) (i), (iii), (ii), (iv)		
	(E)	Ans	swer n	ot knov	wn			

556-Computer Science, Computer Application and Information Technology

72.		data management techniq	ues that	are	available	in	mobile
	(i)	Cache consistency					
	(ii)	Data replication					
	(iii)	Query processing					

(iv) Data recovery

(A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)

(B) (i), (ii), (iii)

(C) (ii), (iii), (iv)

(D) (i), (iii), (iv)

(E) Answer not known

73. Identify a sequence of operations that are needed to store a new word into memory.

(i) Activate the write control input

(ii) Transfer the data bits of the word into memory buffer register

(iii) Transfer the address bits of the word into memory address register.

(A) (i), (ii) and (iii) (B) (ii), (iii) and (i) (C) (i), (iii) and (ii) (D) (iii), (ii) and (i)

(E) Answer not known

74.	Mat	tch th	e follo	wing ins	struc	ction set operations based on its category:
	(a)	Data	a trans	fer	1.	Compare
	(b)	Arit	hmetic		2.	Execute
	(c)	Logi	cal		3.	Exchange
	(d)	Trar	nsfer of	control	4.	Absolute
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(A)	2	1	4	3	
~	(B)	3	4	1	2	
	(C)	4	1	2	3	
	(D)	4	3	2	1	
	(E)	Ans	wer no	ot knowr	1	
75.	The	actu	al map	ping to	a ph	nysical address is a function of the
	(A)	Ari	thmeti	c logic v	ınit	(B) Memory management unit
	(C)	Adc	dress s	hifting ι	ınit	(D) Address mapping unit
	(E)	Ans	swer n	ot know	n	
76.	sign	n are		then _		entation, if two numbers with the same occurs if and only if the result has
~	(A)	Ove	erflow			(B) Underflow
	(C)	$\operatorname{Br}\epsilon$	ak			(D) Failure
	(E)	Ans	swer n	ot know	n	

77.	100	parallel computer in which all the CPUs share a commo called a						
	(A)	Mu	lticom	outer			(B) Distributed computer	
	(C)	Dis	tribute	ed syst	em		(D) Multiprocessor	
	(E)	Ans	swer no	ot knov	wn			
78.	Ma	tch th	ie desci	ription	of an	addr	ressing mode with its name.	
	(a)	Imm	ediate	addre	ssing	1.	Address field contains the effective address of the operand	
	(b)	Dire	ct addı	essing	S	2.	The operand value is present in the instruction	
	(c)	Indi	rect ad	dressi	ng	3.	Referenced register is the program counter	
	(d)	Rela	tive ad	ldressi	ng	4.	Limits the address range	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(A)	4	3	1	2			
	(B)	3	4	1	2			
~	(C)	2	1	4	3			
	(D)	3	4	2	1			
	(E)	Ans	swer no	t knov	vn			
79.	Wh	ich a	ddress	machi	nes aı	re ref	erred to as stack machines?	
	(A)	Zer	o addr	ess ma	chine	s	(B) One address machines	
	(C)	Tw	o addr	ess ma	chine	S	(D) Three address machines	
	(E)	An	swer n	ot kno	wn		200 T	

- 80. Which of the following abbreviations are true?
 - (i) ROM Read Only Memory
 - (ii) PROM Programmable Read Only Memory
 - (iii) EPROM Editable Programmable Read Only Memory
 - (A) (i) and (ii) are true
 - (B) (ii) and (iii) are true
 - (C) (i) and (iii) are true
 - (D) (i), (ii) and (iii) are true
 - (E) Answer not known
- 81. Arrange the multiplication operation in the order of first operand, second operand and the final result.

- (A) Multiplier, product and multiplicand
- (B) Multiplicand, product and multiplier
- (C) Multiplier, multiplicand and product
- (D) Multiplicand, multiplier and product
 - (E) Answer not known

82.	Iden	ntify the equivalent expre	ssion of bo	olean function $\it A$	$BC + AB\overline{C}$
	(A)	ABC	(B)	$AB\overline{C}$	
	(C)	$ABC\overline{C}$	(D)	AB	
	(E)	Answer not known			
83.	Bina	ary digits are grouped int	o sets of fo	ur bits, called a	
	(A)	Code	(B)	Word	
	(C)	Ripple	(D)	Nibble	
	(E)	Answer not known			
84.		register contains addition to pad out the right end			_ which are
	(A)	Trailing bits	(B)	Aligning bits	
	(C)	Rounding bits	(D)	Guard bits	
	(E)	Answer not known			
85.	The	characteristics of a multi	plexer are		
	(i)	Multiple outputs			
	(ii)	Multiple inputs			
	(iii)	One output			
	(iv)	Select lines determine a	active inpu	t	
	(A)	(ii), (iii)	(B)	(ii), (i)	
	(C)	(ii), (iv)	(D)	(ii), (iii), (iv)	
	(E)	Answer not known			

86.	Wha	at is true about a distributed system?
	(A)	It is a collection of processor
	(B)	All processors are synchronized
	(C)	They do not share memory
V	(D)	(A) and (C)
	(E)	Answer not known
87.	Whi	ch one is not a necessary condition for deadlock to occur?
	(A)	Mutual exclusion (B) Hold and wait
	(C)	No preemption (D) Pre-empted queue
	(E)	Answer not known
88.	Whi	ch one is wrong in fully virtualization?
	(A)	Unmodified guest OS that works over VMM
	(B)	Not run on top of VMM
ľ	(C)	Relocation of applications
	(D)	Provide compute isolation of different applications
	(E)	Answer not known
89.	amo	is a programming model uses for processing huge unts of data.
	(A)	Map reduce map (B) Map reduce work
	(C)	Hadoop name node (D) Map reduce function
	(E)	Answer not known

90.	Cho	ose the property of global state	in distributed system
~	(A)	the recorded global state may global state that occurred dur	not be correspond to any of the ing the computation
	(B)	system could not have passed	through recorded global state
	(C)	A recorded global state is properties	not used for detecting stable
	(D)	Both (B) and (C)	
	(E)	Answer not known	
91.	Choo	ose the wrong about splitter in	MRMW atomic snapshot object X
	(A)	At most one process is returned	ed stop
	(B)	At most $n-1$ processes are re	turned down
	(C)	At most $n-1$ processor are re	turned right
~	(D)	At most $n-1$ processors are r	eturned top to left
	(E)	Answer not known	
h.			
92.		cloud model that combines ares is ————.	both private and public cloud
	(A)	Public cloud	(B) Private cloud
	(C)	Hybrid cloud	(D) Community cloud

Answer not known

(E)

93.	conc	currently and the outcom icular order in which the	e of the	manipulate the same data execution depends on the akes place, this situation is
	(A)	Deadlock	(B)	Starvation
~	(C)	Race condition	(D)	Semaphore
	(E)	Answer not known		
94.	wait held	ing processes must exist so by P_1, P_1 is waiting for a	uch that resource	hen a set $\{P_0, P_1, \dots, P_n\}$ of P_0 is waiting for a resource held by $P_2, \dots P_{n-1}$ is waiting aiting for a resource held by
	(A)	Mutual Exclusion	(B)	Hold and wait
	(C)	No preemption	(D)	Circular wait
	(E)	Answer not known		
95.		dows 95, 98, NT, Linux use ating system.	ed	model of threads in the
	(A)	Many to many model	(B)	One to many model
	(C)	Many to one model	(D)	One to one model
	(E)	Answer not known		

96.	96. Which one of the following is a visual way to determine the de occurrence?										
	(A)	Resource Allocation graph	(B) Starvation graph								
	(C)	Inversion graph	(D) Weighted graph								
	(E)	Answer not known									
97.	The desir	The is the additional time for the disk to rotate the desired sector to the disk head.									
	(A)	Seek time	(B) Turn around time								
	(C)	Rotational latency	(D) Response time								
	(E)	Answer not known									
98.	Mirr	coring refers to									
_	(A)	RAID - 1	(B) RAID – 2								
	(C)	RAID - 3	(D) RAID – 4								
	(E)	Answer not known									
99.		Memory Allocation allo	cates the largest hole.								
	(A)	First Fit	(B) Best Fit								
V	(C)	Worst Fit	(D) Second Fit								
	(E)	Answer not known									

100.	DTr	ace is best described as		
✓	(A)	Command Line Interface	-	Uses text commands to allow entering and editing of commands
	(B)	Batch Interface	_	Commands and Directives to control files
	(C)	Graphical User Interface	_	Is a window system with a pointing device to direct I/O
	(D)	Complier		
	(E)	Answer not known		
101.	The	other name of system progra	ams	s is
	(A)	System Calls		(B) System Services
	(C)	System Applications	V	(D) System Utilities
	(E)	Answer not known		*
102.				ion of user programs to prevent
	erroi	rs and improper use of the co	omj	puter.
	(A)	Resource Allocator		(B) Application Programs
V	(C)	Control Program		(D) Workstations
	(E)	Answer not known		
103.	How	many states can be process	ed i	in operating system?
V	(A)	5		(B) 4
	(C)	3		(D) 6
	(E)	Answer not known		

556-Computer Science; Computer Application and Information Technology

104.	In U	UNIX, which system call creates th	ne new process?		
~	(A)	Fork (B)	Create		
	(C)	New (D) First		
	(E)	Answer not known			
105.	Mess	ssage passing system allow processe	es to		
~	(A)	Communicate with each other address space	without sharing the same		
	(B)	Communicate with one another b	y resorting to shared data		
	(C)	Share data			
	(D)	Name the recipient or sender of the message			
	(E)	Answer not known			
106.	Whic	hich type of testing is without access to the source code?			
	(A)	White-box Testing (B)	Black-box Testing		
	(C)	Integration Testing (D	Performance Testing		
	(E)	Answer not known			
107.	Arrange the following debugging steps in chronological order				
	(1)	Look for patterns			
	(2)	Form one or more hypotheses			
	(3)	Collect the available information			
	(4)	Implement the appropriate corrections			
	(A)	(2), (3), (4), (1) (B)	(1), (2), (4), (3)		
~	(C)	(3), (1), (2), (4) (D)) (2), (3), (1), (4)		
	(E)	Answer not known			
		33 556	3-Computer Science, Computer		

108. Match the following:

- (a) Unit Testing
- 1. Assesses how easy the system is to use
- (b) Integration Testing
- 2. Verifies that a system meets all requirements
- (c) System Testing
- 3. Checks how components interact and work together
- (d) Usability Testing
- 4. Verifies individual components of a system
- (a) (d) (b) (c) (A) 2 3 1 (B) 3 1 4 2 (C) 4 3 2 1 (D) 1 2 3 4
- (E) Answer not known
- 109. In integration testing, the method which integrates all components on a major control path of the program structure is called as
 - (A) Top-down integration
- (B) Bottom-up integration
- (C) Depth-first integration
- (D) Breadth-first integration
- (E) Answer not known

110.	According to validation testing, a software testing is conducted without the presence of software developer is termed as				
	(A)	Customer acceptance test	ng		
	(B)	Alpha testing	7		
~		Beta testing			
2.5	(D)	Recovery testing			
	(E)	Answer not known			
	(2 2)				
111.	. In software project development, the experienced project managers use project scheduling and a control technique while facing severe deadline pressure, that technique is called as ————.				
	(A)	Concept scoping	(B) Time-boxing		
	(C)	Scheduling	(D) Project tracking		
	(E)	Answer not known			
112.	In project scheduling, a recommended distribution of effort across the software process is often referred to as the ———				
V	(A)	40–20–40 rule	(B) 40–40–20 rule		
	(C)	20–40–40 rule	(D) 20–40–20 rule		
	(E)	Answer not known			
113.	COC	COMO stands for			
	(Λ)	Cost Constructive Model			
~	(B)	Constructive Cost Model			
	(C)	Code Constructive model			
	(D)	Constructive Code model			
	(E)	Answer not known			
			5 556-Computer Science, Compu		

114.	Which of the following is not an activity of a process framework?			
	(A)	Communication	(B)	Construction
V	(C)	Management	(D)	Deployment
	(E)	Answer not known		
115.		ch software cost estimation to g it to gain insight into the cost		
	(A)	Expert judgement	(B)	Delphi cost estimation
	(C)	Work breakdown structure	(D)	Constructive cost model
	(E)	Answer not known		
116. ———— design model defines the relationship structural elements and patterns of the software.				
	(A)	Data/ Class Design model	(B)	Interface Design model
V	(C)	Architectural Design model	(D)	Component Design model
	(E)	Answer not known		
117. Software which is divided into separately named and a components is generally called as			tely named and addressable	
	(A)	Concerns	(B)	Patterns
~	(C)	Modules	(D)	Elaborations
	(E)	Answer not known		

118.	"Hig	h-level modules should not d	lepend upon low-level modules.
	Both should depend on abstractions. Abstraction should not depend on details. Details should depend on abstractions". This statement is stated by ————.		
	(A)	Oo design concepts	
	(B) Principle of Information hiding		
	(C) Separation of concerns design concept		
V	(D) Dependency inversion principle		
	(E)	Answer not known	
119. In architectural context diagram, the systems that provide data to complete target system functionality is called as ———			
	(A)	Peer-Level systems	(B) Super ordinate systems
~	(C)	Subordinate systems	(D) Actors
	(E)	Answer not known	

100		0.00		
120.	Match	the	foll	owing

- (a) The open-closed principle
- (b) The Liskov substitution principle
- (c) Dependency inversion principle
- (d) The interface segregation principle
- 1. Abstractions and concretions
- 2. Detector class
- 3. Floor plan class
- 4. Precondition and post condition

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) 3 2 (B) 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 3 2 (D) 1
 - (E) Answer not known

121. Status Line

Header field (s)

Blank line

Message body

The above formats are of-

- (A) HTTP Request Message
- (C) HTTP Process Message
- (E) Answer not known
- (B) HTTP Response Message
 - (D) HTTP Network Message

122.		file is called deployme	ent (descriptor in web application
	deve	lopment environment		
~	(A)	Web. XML	(B)	Servlet. Java
	(C)	Servlet. Class	(D)	Servlet. Obj
	(E)	Answer not known		
123.	The	main purpose of the model in N	IVC	is
~	(A)	Manage data	(B)	Define routes
	(C)	Manage user interface	(D)	Control the view
	(E)	Answer not known		
124.	Whic	ch method is used to handle GE	T re	equests in a servlet?
	(A)	do. post ()	(B)	do Get ()
	(C)	Service ()	(D)	get parameter ()
	(E)	Answer not known		
125.	MEA	AN stack stands for		
	(A)	Mango DB, Express. js, Angul	ar js	s, Node. js
	(B)	Mango DB, Entity Bean, Ajax		
	(C)	Meta DB, Entity, Angular js,	Node	e. js
	(D)	Mango DB, Express, Angular,	NO	SQL
	(E)	Answer not known	8	

126.	Set	Max Age() method used to	_ in cookies
	(A)	Set the size of the cookie	
V	(B)	Specify the expiry time of the cookie	
	(C)	Get the value of the cookie	
	(D)	Delete the cookie	
	(E)	Answer not known	
127.		ich of the following statements is tocols?	false about Networking
	(A)	TCP is used for reliable stream-based	I/O across network
	(B)	UDP is a point-to-point datagram orie	ented protocol
	(C)	TCP is expensive than UDP	
~	(D)	Java does not support both the TCP a	nd UDP protocols
	(E)	Answer not known	
128.	Wh	ich of the following defines several insta	ance methods?
	(A)	Server socket (B) So	cket
	(C)	InputStream (D) Ou	tputStream
	(E)	Answer not known	

129.		ch of the following ronment class?	statement	is tr	ue abou	t Graphics
	(A)	Manages the display of	text on a so	creen		
/	(B)	Describes access to a cobjects			nics Devic	ce and Font
	(C)	Handles drawing lines	and shapes			
	(D)	Defines the physical dir	mensions of	a scre	en or prin	ter
	(E)	Answer not known				
130.	Whic	ch layout manager is use	d by defaul	t in Ja	va?	
	(A)	Border Layout	(B)	Flow L	avout	
	(C)	Grid Layout		Card I		
	(E)	Answer not known			J	
	****		G II T	0 .		1 0
131.	Whi	ch of the following is the	Cookie Inte	ertace 1	n java.net	package?
	(A)	Cookie Handler	(B)	Cookie	Manager	•
~	(C)	Cookie Store	(D)	Http C	cookie	
	(E)	Answer not known				
132.		t is the value returned b ag is less than the string			re To() if t	the invoking
	(A)	Value greater than zero	(B)	Value	less than	zero
	(C)	Zero	(D)	One		
	(E)	Answer not known				

133.	The	class is a concrete	subo	class of container.
~	(A)	Panel	(B)	Component
	(C)	Frame	(D)	Graphics
	(E)	Answer not known		
		A GGG 1		
134.		of CSS backgrou ground images along the X-axi	(10)	
	(A)	Background-position	(B)	Background-repeat
	(C)	Background-attachment	(D)	Background-image
	(E)	Answer not known	v	
135.	Iden	tify the non-breaking space cha	aract	er in HTML.
~	(A)		(B)	
	(C)		(D)	&nbps
	(E)	Answer not known		
136.	PHP	stands for		
~	(A)	Hypertext Preprocessor	(B)	Hypertext Processor
	(C)	Processor Hypertext Point	(D)	Pre Hypertext Point
	(E)	Answer not known		
137.	Whic	ch method registers a thread in	a tł	read scheduler?
	(A)	run ();	(B)	construct();
/	(C)	start();	(D)	register();
	(E)	Answer not known		

556-Computer Science, Computer 42 Application and Information Technology

138.	Wha	t will be the result of "abcdef	What will be the result of "abcdef".substring (2)?		
	(A)	abc	(B)	ab	
	(C)	bcdef	(D)	cdef	
	(E)	Answer not known			
Parkers.					
139.	exect	is a highly optimized uted by the Java run-time sys		f instructions designed to be	
	(A)			Bytecode	
	(C)	Bit Steam	(D)	Byte Steam	
	(E)	Answer not known			
140.	The	operator used to allocate men	nory fo	or an object in Java is	
	(A)	malloc	(B)	calloc	
/	(C)	new	(D)	give	
	(E)	Answer not known			
141.		two types of efficiencies trithms are ————.	hat a	re important for computer	
~	(A)	Space efficiency and Time ef	fficien	су	
	(B)	Time efficiency and High po	wer ef	ficiency	
	(C)	Higher power efficiency and	Comp	utational efficiency	
	(D)	Computational efficiency an	d spac	e efficiency	
	(E)	Answer not known			

142.	Wha	t is the primary goal of Kr	uskal's a	lgorithm?
	(A)	To find the shortest path	between	two vertices
/	(B)	To find the minimum spagraph	inning tr	ree for a connected weighted
	(C)	To sort all edges of a grap	h in desc	cending order
	(D)	To traverse a graph using	a depth	-first search
	(E)	Answer not known		
143.		ch of the following algorith a source node to all nodes		sed to find the shortest path ghted graph?
	(A)	Breadth First Search		Dijkstra's Algorithm
	(C)	Prims Algorithm		Kruskal's Algorithm
	(E)	Answer not known	(2)	111 (1011)
144.	Halt	ing problem of a class P pro	oblem is	a
	(A)	Solvable Problem	(B)	Unsolvable Problem
	(C)	Decidable Problem	(D)	Undecidable Problem

Answer not known

(E)

145.	Choo	ose a set of maximization probl	ems	among the following
	(i)	Knapsack problem		
	(ii)	Graph coloring problem		
	(iii)	Profit based job assignment p	roble	em
	(iv)	Traveling salesman problem		
	(A)	(ii), (iii)	(B)	(i), (iv)
	(C)	(ii), (iv)	-	(i), (iii)
	(E)	Answer not known		
146.	A sp	anning tree contains a connect	ed _	subgraph.
	(A)	Cyclic	(B)	Acyclic
	(C)	Adjacent	(D)	Adjoint
	(E)	Answer not known		
147.	The	number of edges incident on a	verte	ex in a Graph is called as
V	(A)	Degree	(B)	In degree
	(C)	Order	(D)	Out degree
	(E)	Answer not known		
148.		ch property of a binary tree sta		Service Control Space And Control Space
	is gr	eater than or equal to the keys	in it	ts children?
	(A)	Shape property 🗸	(B)	Heap property
	(C)	Null property	(D)	Count property
	(E)	Answer not known		

149.		n which of the given tree or ry tree?	lata structures is not a balanced
	(A)	Splay tree	(B) B – tree
	(C)	AVL tree	(D) Red-black tree
	(E)	Answer not known	
150.	All t	he child nodes of a parent nod	de are referred as
	(A)	Neighbor's	(B) Siblings
	(C)	Internal nodes	(D) Leaf nodes
	(E)	Answer not known	
151.	Whi	ch of the following does not h	ave an complexity of O(n²)?
	(A)	Selection	(B) Insertion
	(C)	Bubble	(D) Merge
	(E)	Answer not known	
152.	With	n which of the following algori	ithm is Pivot element associated
	(A)	Binary search	(B) Hashing
	(C)	Quick sort	(D) Selection sort
	(E)	Answer not known	
153.		is the sequence of ination node of a tree.	of nodes from source node till
	(A)	Degree	(B) Level
	(C)	Depth	(D) Path
	(E)	Answer not known	
	0	46	

556-Computer Science, Computer Application and Information Technology

154.	pair	e the graph which is said to be of distinct vertices v_i, v_j in $v(v_i)$ to v_j and v_j to v_i		- 1 J. J. Title Till
/	(A) (C) (E)	Directed graph Acyclic undirected graph Answer not known	NA	Undirected graph Horizontal graph
155.	A mu	ulti-dimensional array A [3] [7] ents.	poss	sesses number of
	(A)	3	(B)	7
	(C)	10	(D)	21
	(E)	Answer not known		
156.		linked list, the fixeach other through the NEXT		
	(A)	Singly linked list	(B)	Doubly linked list
V	(C)	Circular linked list	(D)	Multi linked list
	(E)	Answer not known		
		ch of the following situations ormed on an empty stack?	will	occur if a pop operation is
	(A)	Overflow	(B)	Underflow
	(C)	Array out of bound	(D)	Exit
	(E)	Answer not known		

158.	Before deletion opera	tion from the queue,	condition
	should be checked.		
	(A) Overflow	(B) Underflow	

(C) Front value

- (D) Rear value
- (E) Answer not known
- 159. Choose not true about Single Linked List
 - (A) Dynamic memory allocation
 - (B) Static memory allocation
 - (C) Each node have atleast one link field
 - (D) Determines node is free
 - (E) Answer not known

160. Find which node x to be deleted using following procedure

Procedure DDelete (X, L)

//X is node in list L//

if X = L then say "no more node"

else

RLink(LLink(x)) = RLink(x)

LLink (RLink(x)) = LLink (x)

call RET(x)

END

- (A) X should be first node to be deleted
- (B) X should be last node to be deleted
- (C) X is any node in the list
 - (D) X is not a node in the list
 - (E) Answer not known
- 161. Identify the example of a distributed system.
 - (A) A single-user application running on a laptop
 - (B) A bank's ATM network
 - (C) A local file system on a computer
 - (D) Λ standalone video game
 - (E) Answer not known

162.		does static hashing handle situations where two keys hash to same bucket?
	(A)	It deletes one of the keys
	(B)	It creates a new hash table
~	(C)	It uses collision resolution methods like chaining
	(D)	It stores both keys in a special overflow file

- (E) Answer not known
- 163. Find the file organization that stores related records of two or more relations in each block.
 - (A) Heap file organization
 - (B) Sequential file organization
 - (C) Multitable clustering file organization
 - (D) Hashing file organization
 - (E) Answer not known
- 164. In a star schema, the central table is called as ———.
 - (A) Index table

(B) Dimension table

✓(C) Fact table

- (D) Lookup table
- (E) Answer not known

- 165. Among the following find the typical example of a spatial query.
 - (A) Retrieve all customer records with a balance greater than Rs. 100
 - (B) Retrieve all employees hired after January 1st, 2020
 - (C) List of all products that are out of stock
 - ✓(D) Find all hotels located within a 10-mile radius of a given point
 - (E) Answer not known
- 166. Find the primary feature of web database.
 - (A) Ability to store large binary files
 - ✓(B) Access via web browsers using HTTP/HTTPs protocols
 - (C) Limited to local network access
 - (D) Requires dedicated hardware for each user
 - (E) Answer not known
- 167. Apriori is used on which fundamental principle?
 - (A) Greedy method
 - (B) Divide and conquer
 - (C) Downward closure property
 - (D) Random sampling
 - (E) Answer not known

168.	mul	"——— which is violated when a relation has undesirable multivalued dependencies and hence can be used to identify and decompose such relations"?							
	(A)	1 NF (B) 2 NF							
	(C)	3 NF (D) 4 NF							
	(E)	Answer not known							
169.	The advantage of combining related tables in denormalization is								
	(A)	It increases storage requirements							
~	(B)	It improves query performance by reducing the number of joins							
	(C)	It ensures better data consistency							
	(D)	It simplifies data updates and inserts							
	(E)	Answer not known							
170.	The	possible methods to prevent deadlocks in distributed systems							
	(i)	Wait – for graph detection							
	(ii)	Timeout – based deadlock detection							
	(iii)	Resource allocation graph							
	(iv)	Distributed lock management							
	(A)	(ii), (iii) (B) (i), (iv)							
	(C)	(i), (ii), (iii), (iv) (D) (i), (ii), (iii)							
	(E)	Answer not known							

171.		Which is a indirect functional dependency, where $X \to Z$ only by virtue of $X \to Y$ and $Y \to Z$?						
	(A)	Join dependency						
	(B)	Trivial functional dependency						
V	(C)	Transitive dependencies						
	(D)	Multivalued dependencies						
	(E)	Answer not known						
172.	If a true?	functional dependency $A \rightarrow B h$?	holds, which of the following is					
	(A)	A and B are the same attributes	3					
	(B) A can be determined from B							
	(C)	A must be the primary key						
~	(D) If two tuples have the same value for A, they must have the same value for B							
	(E)	Answer not known						
173.		elation schema R is in orime attribute of R is transitiv						
	(A)	1 NF (B) 2 NF					
V	(C)	3 NF (D) 4 NF					
	(E)	Answer not known						

174.	The	ACID properties are		
~	(A)	Atomicity, Consistency, Isola	ation,	Durability
	(B)	Advance, Correspondence, Id	dentit	y, Deadlock
	(C)	Alternate, Corresponding, Is	solatio	n, Duration
	(D)	Atomic, Character, Integer,	Data	
	(E)	Answer not known		
175.	"A cl	hild may have marry parent r	nodes".	•
	Whi	ch type of data model of the a	bove s	tatement?
	(A)	Hierarchical model	(B)	Relational model
~	(C)	Network model	(D)	Object model
	(E)	Answer not known		
176.		interact with the syst	tem w	ithout writing programs?
	(A)	Specialized end users	(B)	System Analysts
	(C)	Naive end users	(D)	Sophisticated end users
	(E)	Answer not known		
177.		symbol is used to rep	resent	the "projection" operation in
	Rela	tional algebra?		
	(A)	σ (sigma)	(B)	π (pi)
	(C)	(bowtie)	(D)	∪(union)
	(E)	Answer not known		

178.	Cons	ider the foll	lowing statements	about normalization and BCNF :
	State	ement 1 :	If a relation is in I	BCNF, it is also in 3NF.
	State	ement 2:	A relation in BCN	F can have partial dependencies.
~	(Λ)	Statement	1 is true, Stateme	nt 2 is false.
	(B)	Statement	1 is false, Stateme	nt 2 is true.
	(C)	Both State	ements are true.	
	(D)	Both State	ements are false.	
	(E)	Answer no	t known	
179.		oyee or a p		vorld concept or object, such as an iniworld that is described in the
	(A)	Attribute		(B) Relationship
	(C)	Data mode	el 🔻	(D) Entity
	(E)	Answer no	t known	
180.	What	t are the ba	sic concepts of E-R	model?
	(A)	Data, Data	abase, Database Ma	anagement System
~	(B)	Entity, Att	tribute, Relationsh	ip
	(C)	Row, Colu	mn, Table	
	(D)	File, Recor	d, Book	
	(E)	Answer no	t known	8

181.		of a finite set of el ne elements of S, with each e		s S is an ordered sequence of appearing exactly once.						
	(A)	Combination	(B)	Permutation						
		Factorization		Rearranging						
	(E)	Answer not known								
182.		is an example for a	ctive at	tack in Network security.						
		Traffic Analysis								
	5.85 58	Release of message contents								
_	-	Denial of service								
	(D)	Router Analysis								
	(E)	Answer not known								
183.	Hash	ned message is signed by a se	ender u	using his						
	(A)	Public key	(B)	Private key						
		Receiver's private key	20000 (400							
	(E)	Answer not known								
184.	The	is the central n	ode of	802.11 wireless operations.						
V	(A)	Access point	(B)	Access port						
	20 20	WPA	* 100	WAP						
	(E)	Answer not known	an 6	8						

185.	Wha	at is the purpose of a Digital s	ignature?
	(A)	To encrypt data for confider	tiality
	(B)	To implement public-key en	cryption
	(C)	To hide the sender's identity	7
~	(D)	To verify authenticity and in	ntegrity of a message
	(E)	Answer not known	
186.		P security, each SPD entry er-layer protocol field values o	y is defined by a set of IP and called ————.
	(A)	Attributes	(B) Selectors
	(C)	Addresses	(D) Nodes
	(E)	Answer not known	
187.			OEA), data are encrypted in 64-bit ce length output.
	(A)	56 bit	(B) 64 bit
	(C)	32 bit	(D) 128 bit
	(E)	Answer not known	

188.	Ma	tch th	e follo	wing to	echno	logies:
	(a)	HTM		C	1.	
	(b)	DOM	1		2.	To present information as pages
	(c)	XMI	1		3.	To change parts of pages while they are viewed
	(d)	Java	script		4.	To bind all the functionality together
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(A)	30, 30	2	50 St	1	
	(B)	4	1	3	2	
	(C)	1	4	3	2	
V	(D)	2	3	1	4	
	(E)	Ans	wer no	t know	vn	
189.	SO	AP sta	and for	•		 .
~	(A)	Sin	nple Ok	oject A	ccess	Protocol
	(B)	Sec	ure Ob	ject A	ccess	Protocol
	(C)	Sin	iple Oi	oen Ac	cess P	Protocol
	(D)	Sin	iple Ob	oject A	ttribu	te Protocol
	(E)		swer ne	•		
190.	Wh	ich m	odulat	ion scł	neme i	is used by Bluetooth?
	(A)	MS	K			(B) BPSK
	(C)	$\overline{\mathrm{DQ}}$	SK			(D) GFSF
	(E)		swer ne	ot knov	wn	

191.			the co		natcl	hing between the given OSI layers and
		OSI	Layer			Functionalities
	(a)	(a) Network Layer 1.			1.	Packet routing
	(b)	Trar	sport 1	Layer	2.	Framing and error control
	(c)	Data	Link	Layer	3.	Host-to-Host communication
		(a)	(b)	(c)		
V	(A)	1	3	2		
- 5	(B)	1	2	3		
	(C)		1	2		
	(D)	3	2	1		
	(E)	Ans	wer no	t know	n	
192.			al code		es th	he idea to spread the spectrum using
	(A)	FD	MA			(B) CDMA
	(C)	TD	MA			(D) SDMA
	(E)		swer no	ot knov	vn	
193.						ly used to simplify the installation and computers.
	(A)	ICI	MР			(B) DHCP
	(C)	IP				(D) TCP
	(E)		swer no	ot knov	vn	A 5

194.	Whic	ch of the following is not error	-corre	ecting codes?
	(A)	Hamming codes	(B)	Binary convolutional codes
V	(C)	Read-Write codes	(D)	Reed-Solomon codes
	(E)	Answer not known		
195.	ARP	stands for ———.		
	(A)	Address Routing Protocol		
	(B)	Address Routing Packet		
	(C)	Address Routing Program		
~	(D)	Address Resolution Protocol		
	(E)	Answer not known		
196.		bset of a network that includes is called	des al	ll the routes but contains no
	(A)	AVL tree	(B)	Spanning tree
	(C)	Spark tree	(D)	Tries
	(E)	Answer not known		
197.	At th	ne CRC generator,	a	dded to the data unit before
		livision process.		
V	(A)	0s are	(B)	1s are
	(C)	a CRC remainder is	(D)	a polynomial is
	(E)	Answer not known		

198. Th	e Checksum field in TCP header is ————.
(A)	Two's complement of sum of header in 16 bits
(B)	One's complement of sum of header and data in bytes
(C)	One's complement of sum of header, data and pseudo header in 16 bit words
(D)	Two's complement of sum of header and data in bytes
(E)	Answer not known
199. Th	e message 11001001 is to be transmitted using the CRC
	ynomial $x^3 + 1$ to protect it from errors. The message that should transmitted is ————.
(A)	11001010 (B) 11001001000
(C)	11001001010 (D) 11001001011
(E)	Answer not known
	ARQ, if a NAK is received only, the specific maged or lost frame is retransmitted.
(A)	Go-back-n (B) Stop-and-wait
(C)	Selective-reject (D) (A) and (B)
(E)	Answer not known